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COMMENT OF THE DAY

De Gaulle In Danger

THE full impact of the rebellion staged by members of De Gaulle's Rally of the French People Party has still to be felt in the French Parliament. Much depends on whether the 50 "rebels" are prepared to stand by their decision to resign from the party, and if so, whether they will definitely align themselves with M. Pinay, the Premier. No matter how vehemently De Gaulle insists that his RPF will continue to be one of the country's principal political parties, the revolt by his own Parliamentary members constitutes a serious setback to the General's aspirations of becoming the "saviour of France." Ostensibly the explanation of the party split is a protest against the rigid discipline which its leader has imposed on members who have won election to the National Assembly; but a second contributing factor is probably dislike and fear of De Gaulle's pretension as a political dictator. One of De Gaulle's main demands is revision of the Constitution, but while he can obtain substantial popular support for this in principle, he has aroused widespread suspicion that what he is actually seeking is exceptional executive powers under a new constitution if and when he is in a position to assume political leadership of the country. It is this ambition which has influenced him in establishing a policy of non-co-operation with right wing moderates and centre parties, and of refusing to allow his Parliamentary adherents to associate themselves with coalition Cabinets.

SIGNS are becoming manifest that General De Gaulle has overplayed his hand and in consequence has forfeited the loyalty and support of a not-insignificant section of his followers. It remains to be seen whether the "revolt" will prove fatal to his party. The split, undoubtedly, is on a fundamental issue, for the authority of De Gaulle as party leader and formulator of policies is being challenged. Conceivably General De Gaulle did not appreciate the writing on the wall when a certain number of his supporters in the National Assembly disregarded party discipline and threw in their votes for M. Pinay when the Premier was fighting desperately for the survival of his Cabinet. But he must surely now be convinced that his policies and personal ambitions are deeply suspect within the party. Moreover, unless he can close the breach, the spell which he holds over a not inconsiderable proportion of the French electorate may be lost for all time. De Gaulle has as much need of a solid, unified party as the party has of a strong leader, and without an agreeable compromise on basic issues, both may well become lost to each other. For the RPF "rebels" the testing time will come when M. Pinay calls for his next confidence vote in the National Assembly. If the De Gaulle dissidents vote solidly for Pinay, they will be giving substance to their decision to leave the party; yet so far as Pinay is concerned, he requires only that the 50 "rebels" refrain from voting against him to be assured of his position. Nevertheless, should these ex-De Gaulleists go into the lobby in open support of the Premier, his tenorship of office may well remain safe for an indefinite period. This is a possibility which General De Gaulle dare not fall to ignore.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

TENSION MOUNTS

Taft Leads In Unofficial Tabulation

Chicago, July 6.

Critical State delegations which might tip the scales in the bitter Taft-Eisenhower fight were called into crucial caucuses today on the eve of the Republican presidential nominating convention.

The final hours before the convention was to open at 4.30 p.m. GMT Monday were a tense period of nose-counting by friends of Senator Robert Taft and General Dwight Eisenhower. It also was a time for State delegations to look over the field and perhaps decide who gets their vote when the roll is called.

The latest United Press tabulation of known first ballot preferences gave Taft 530 votes and Eisenhower 425, with the rest spread among "favourite ones" or uncommitted or unknown. It takes 604 votes to win the nomination.

The two top candidates, as well as dark horse hopefuls like Earl Warren, Governor of California, and Harold Stassen, former Governor of Minnesota, were on the scene to meet allies and take a personal hand in last-minute strategy.

Fireworks were certain in the early hours of Monday's opening session.

The first test will come on the Eisenhower camp proposal to change the rules on the delegation contest in an effort to "upset the pro-Taft ruling made this week by the Republican National Committee. Out of 96 delegate contests, the National Committee ruled 70 in Taft's favour and 20 for Eisenhower.

The General's backers demanded a rule change which would prevent contested delegates from voting on any dispute until their own right to the seats has been approved by the whole convention.

Senator Taft thinks they should be allowed to vote on all contests but their own.

The battle over the rules change generated almost as much heat as the crucial nomination struggle which some believed was reaching the point of serious damage to Republican prospects in the November election.

Eisenhower backers protested that, unless the rules were changed, the convention would be "rigged" in Taft's favour by "back room" politicians using "Iron Curtain" tactics.

CHAIRMAN'S PROMISE

Representative Joseph Martin, who will serve as permanent chairman of the convention, called on General Eisenhower today to assure him of a "fair deal."

There was no such voluntary assurance, however, from Walter Hallahan of West Virginia, Taft's handpicked candidate for temporary chairman who may be in control when the first round is staged.

Mr Martin, Republican leader in the House of Congress and a man of considerable influence in Republican affairs, was also reliably reported to have warned the Party chairman, Guy Gabrielson, that any "heavy-handed tactics" would hurt him in the autumn election. He was said to have stressed the same theme in talks with Mr Hallahan and Henry Fletcher, convention Parliamentarian.

Elsewhere in the convention scene, Senator Taft has scheduled a full day of visiting delegates, press conferences and a speech before the National Federation of Young Republican Clubs.

General Eisenhower had a similar schedule of hand-shaking with delegates and also was invited to a Young Republican rally.

FOREIGN POLICY

Platform drafters agreed unanimously on the foreign policy plank which commits the Party to support of collective security from voting against him to be assured of his position. Nevertheless, should these ex-De Gaulleists go into the lobby in open support of the Premier, his tenorship of office may well remain safe for an indefinite period. This is a possibility which General De Gaulle dare not fall to ignore.

CONTEST PRELIMINARY. Mr Summerfield and Governor John Fine of Pennsylvania joined Representative Martin in his "harmony" efforts in the bitter nomination fight between Taft and Eisenhower. Mr Martin has suggested that Ike and Taft get together for a meeting.

Senator Taft this morning made a direct appeal for Party unity after the convention. In a surprise visit to a breakfast meeting of the Oregon delegation, he said he would do all he could to work for the election of the Republican candidate, no matter who he should be.

The Oregon delegation is strongly for Eisenhower. The two States of Pennsylvania and Michigan, with 116 delegate votes, could hold the balance of power in a close race.

EFFECTS FEARED

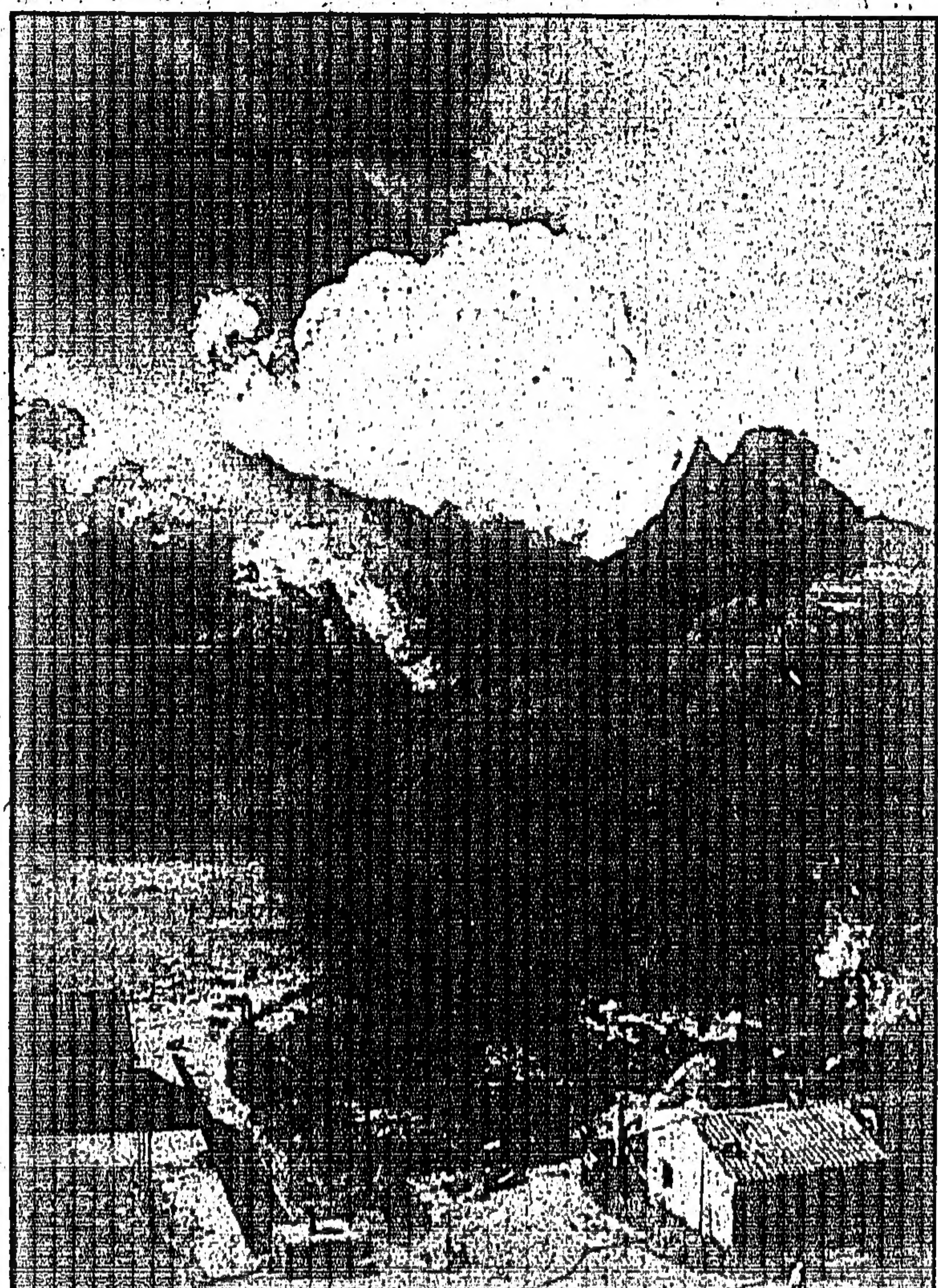
Mr Summerfield has talked with Mr Martin and Governor Fine, seeking some move which would take the bitterness out of the credentials fight which is headed for the convention floor. They fear its effect on the November elections.

Mr Summerfield said they came up with no definite proposal to compromise in the Party-splitting fight but they did decide each would contact as many Party leaders as they could, urging moderation in actions which might endanger the Republican election campaign.

The chances of bringing General Eisenhower and Senator Taft together in a face-to-face harmony meeting seemed slim. Eisenhower forces repeatedly rejected any move to a compromise in the delegate fight and restore Party unity.

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Water Supply Increased To 11 Hours A Day

The Colony's domestic water ration has now been increased from eight to 11 hours a day.

This was disclosed by Mr L. Jackson, acting Waterworks Engineer of the PWD this morning, who added that the extra three hours a day in supply are made possible by the recent rains which have brought water storage in the Colony's reservoirs up to 80 per cent of total storage capacity.

WARNING BY NEHRU

New Delhi, July 6.

Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru said tonight that if the Korean war were extended to Chinese territory, Russia would intervene, thereby leading to a war engulfing the world in anarchy and destruction.

He made this statement at the end of a two-hour address in Hindi to an audience of about 100,000 primarily to explain the latest developments in Kashmir.

He repeated his earlier criticism in Parliament regretting the Yalu bombing and said: "It was an unfortunate thing when the truce negotiations were going on."

He added that India is trying her best to pull her weight in favour of peace. By being friendly to both sides, he went on, India is better placed to do something to end the war.

Sources close to Mr Nehru said India's High Commissioner in London, Mr Krishna Menon, who flew here today for four-day consultations, appraised Mr Nehru of London's views on the Korean situation. — Associated Press

Fusing Causes Fire

A small fire occurred at 102 Wellington Street this morning. The fire, which was caused by the fusing of electric wire on the premises, was put out immediately by one appliance.

Explosion In Macao

Graphic picture of the big petrol dump fire in Macao yesterday. A bright ball of flame which followed a loud explosion is seen mushrooming into the air like the effect of an atom bomb blast. Three thousand drums of petrol were lost, with damage estimated at nearly half a million dollars. (Photo by Sunny Pan).

TERRORIST LEADER SLAIN

Singapore, July 6.

British soldiers today killed notorious Malayan terrorist leader Liew Kon Kim, a guerrilla leader, and his girlfriend as he came to keep a rendezvous with her.

The British troops also killed a guerrilla platoon commander with a high price on his head in the same engagement.

English-educated Liew was the leader of the Kajang group of guerrillas, who operated on the southern outskirts of Kuala Lumpur, the Federal capital of Malaya.

Men of the Suffolk Regiment were responsible for today's kills. The Suffolks, who a month ago killed Yong Lin, another terrorist leader, have been responsible for the deaths of more terrorist chiefs in Malaya than any other unit.—Reuters

Mining Accidents

Stirling, July 6.

Roof falls in a colliery near here killed three men in the second fatal British mining accident in 24 hours.

Five died yesterday in north Wales, when a surface accident released the pressure on an underground air lock in which they were working.—Reuters

De Gaulle's Deputies Revolt

SERIOUS SPLIT: MANY RESIGN

Paris, July 6.

General Charles de Gaulle's steel grip on his Right Wing Party was shattered today and his chances of ever rising again to the leadership of France seemed doomed.

About 50 de Gaulle members of Parliament were reported to have resigned from the Party in a revolt against rigid Party discipline. The immediate effect would be to cut the largest single group in the Assembly, one numbering 111 votes, to second-rate level.

The de Gaulle Rally of the French People has stood by on the extreme Right, refusing to take part in various Cabinets while waiting for them to fall, in the hope of boosting de Gaulle to power.

No official figures were available on the split, the most serious since the RPF was formed after the war. Informed sources said about 30 Deputies in the National Assembly and 20 Senators were involved.

Party spokesmen admitted that the number was "high."

WALK-OUT

The rebels walked out after a decision by the RPF's National Council that representatives must follow Party orders on major votes or risk expulsion.

The RPF Council was in session at suburban St. Maurice, where it voted a motion saying that the government's current "vain efforts" to restore order and prosperity in France were a "new demonstration of the impossibility of making any coherent policy under these conditions." Denouncing the regime of Premier Antoine Pinay, the Council said a solution could be found only by changing the constitution.

It also called for a "regrouping of all Frenchmen."

The rebel members were to meet on Tuesday, before Premier Pinay faces a confidence vote on his sliding wage scale bill, and decide whether to join existing Parties or form a new independent group.

The new disciplinary rules, requiring Members of Parliament to go along with Steering Committee orders on confidence matters, were passed last night by a vote of 48 to 35.

Despite General de Gaulle's exhortations that his Party was essential to the future of France, 534 delegates abstained on the crucial vote.

That created the impression that still more trouble might be in the offing when uncertain members see how the rebels fare in following their conscience on major votes.—United Press.

HAPPY END TO BLIND DATE

Mumbai, July 7.

A young American merchant marine officer arrived here last night after a 10,000-mile journey to marry a Punjabi girl he met on a blind date in India two years ago.

Robert Bowen, 24, who works for Indian Lines, met Anita Francisco and it was the proverbial love at first sight.

Anita was born and raised in India. Her father is Filipino and her mother English. Their family moved to Manila in 1950 and Robert followed in November, proposed and left.

When he arrived, his bride-to-be was waiting at the airport. They told newsmen they would marry on July 10.—United Press.

3 Africans Killed In Street Fighting

Johannesburg, July 6.

Three Africans were killed today when native civic guards (an unofficial body formed by Africans to protect the native township at Newclare, Johannesburg) invaded an area of the township occupied by the "Russians", a Basuto faction.

Civic guards were repulsed in a bloody clash and withdrew, leaving two dead and one critically injured. The injured man died in hospital.

A few minutes before the clash, a riot squad of white policemen was rushed to a church which was being stoned by friends of a drunken native who had been ejected.

Police left 20 African constables guarding a bridge which divides "Russian" territory from the rest of the township.

Civic guards took advantage of the absence of the riot squad and invaded the "Russian" area.

When the riot squad returned, both factions had vanished, leaving the three civic guard casualties.—Reuters

BENONI QUIET

Johannesburg, July 6.

All was reported quiet today in Benoni following yesterday's disturbances.

According to reports, yesterday's trouble began after the funeral of an African boy who died in police cells, where he had been taken after being thrashed, allegedly by Indians in whose shop he behaved suspiciously.

An Indian resident described the situation as "terrible" and said the Indians were in fear of their lives.—Reuters

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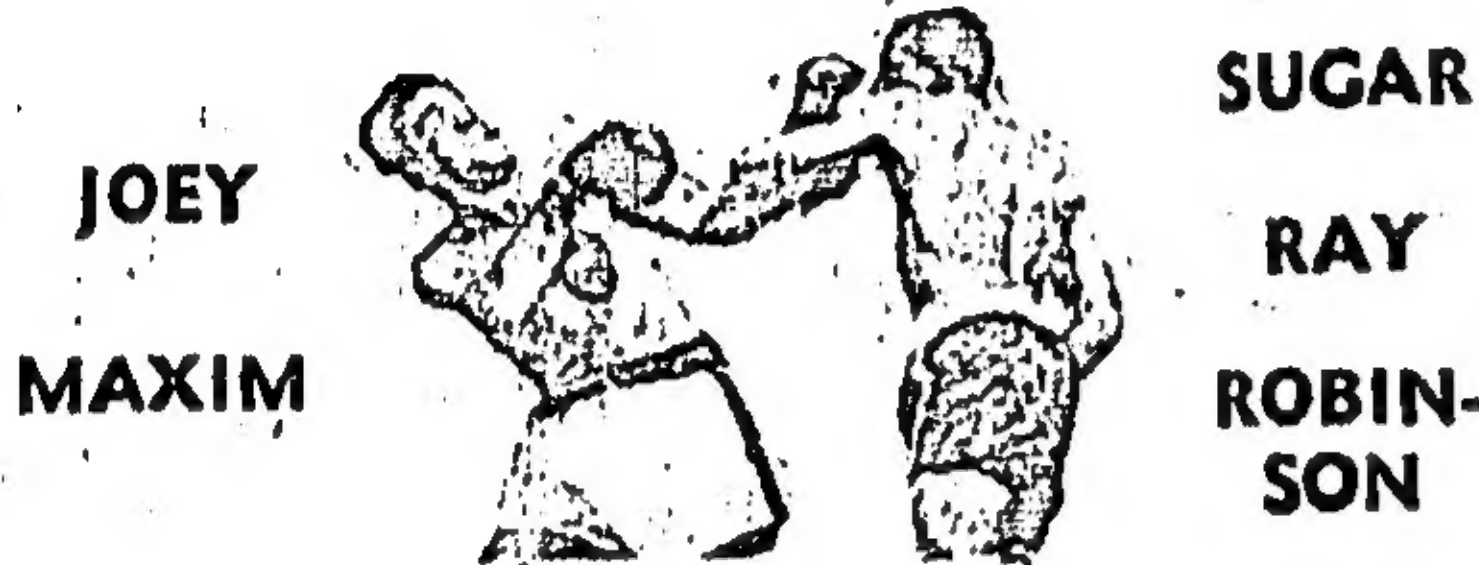
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



TO-MORROW

The Sensational Lightweight
Championship of the World!



VS

IN THE 15 ROUND

Title Fight with a Dramatic Climax!

ADDED at the KING'S



NEXT CHANGE

ADDED at the MAJESTIC



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AT 2.30-5.30-7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

THE SCREEN'S FIRST
GREAT STORY OF THE
FABULOUS BULL RING!



Added: GAUMONT-BRITISH NEWS
OPENING OF WIMBLEDON
CHAMPIONSHIPS

Red Newspaper Suspended

Tel-Aviv, July 6.
The Israeli Communist daily, Kol Haam, is to be suspended for eight days from tomorrow for infringing military censorship regulations. It was officially announced today. The only news censorship enforced in Israel is being imposed by the military authorities with a view to preventing reports of a strategic and defensive character from reaching countries regarded as hostile to the country. — France-Press.

French Claim Success

Salon, July 6.
French units launched several small harassing attacks following the successful repulse of a Communist attempt to seize a fort near Hanoi, the French Command said today.

A communiqué announced that 30 Vietnamese rebel dead were left behind at Da Loc, 21 miles east of Hanoi in the Red River delta region after a company-sized rebel attack. The rebels lost more dead and 20 prisoners, according to the headquarters communiqué, in the cleaning-up operation by a battalion of Foreign Legionnaires north of Saigon.

Midway between the two fronts, meanwhile, Vietnamese commando troops snaked within a few miles of the important rebel centre of Quang Nam, 300 miles northeast of Saigon, sank several rebel junks and took an undisclosed number of Red prisoners.

Bombers took advantage of a break in the rainy season weather to plaster Communist war factories and troop concentrations in three localities of the Red River delta.

Eight United States Bearcat fighters arrived yesterday to increase the French air effort. Mr. Jean, Létourneau, French Resident Minister in Indo-China, prepared for important talks with Emperor Bao Dai tomorrow to fill him in on the recent talks in Washington and London, where the United States agreed on increasing aid for France and Vietnam in the six-year war.

M. Létourneau will fly to Singapore on Friday for three days of talks with the British Commissioner - General, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, on the same topics.

He will also attend a French cultural week in Singapore before flying to Hanoi for the French Bastille Day festivities. — United Press.

Pyongyang Claims

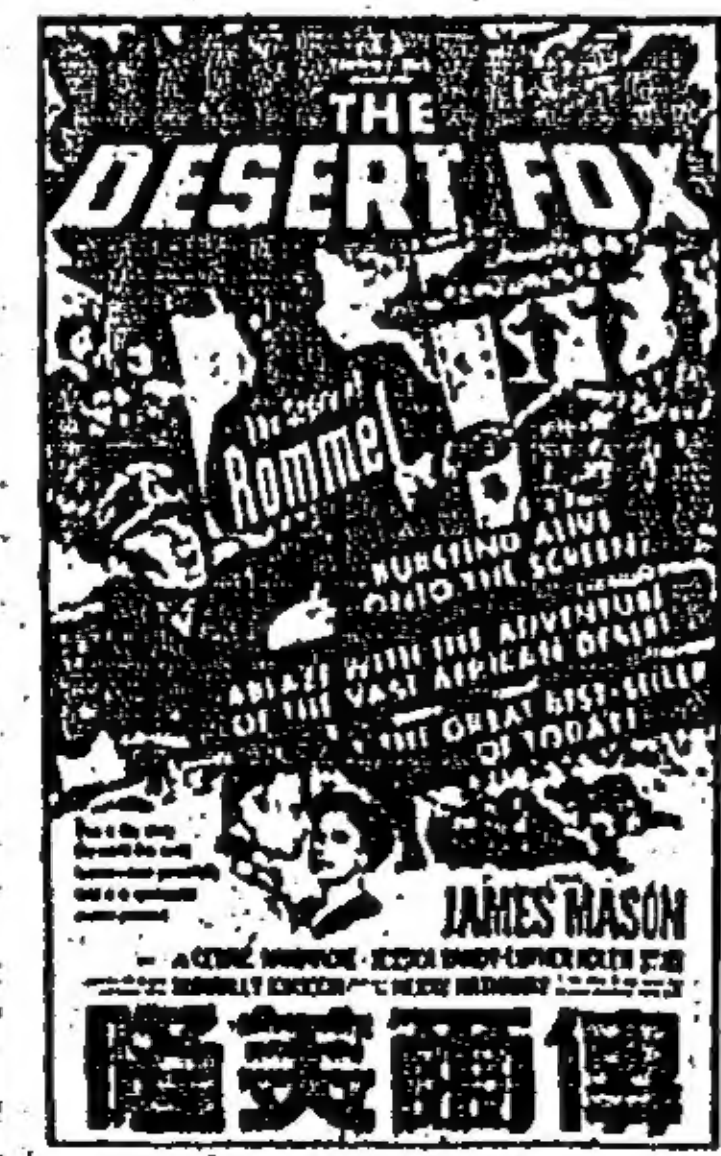
Tokyo, July 7.
Pyongyang Radio claimed last night that North Korean anti-aircraft batteries shot down four U.N. aircraft and damaged six others over North Korea on Sunday. It also claimed that North Korean shore batteries on the eastern coast hit and sank one United Nations vessel. — United Press.

Japs Go Climbing

Tokyo, July 7.
The authorities estimated that about 3,000 mountaineers, 30 per cent of them women, climbed Tanigawa peak in the Japanese Alps range, on Sunday — the official opening day of the climbing season. — Reuter.

STAR

— TO-DAY ONLY —
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30
& 9.30 P.M.



1. T. Inside the Walls of Volcan Prison
2. W. The Lady Pays Off
3. T. All Quiet on the Western Front
4. T. Dallas
5. The Maccabean Story
6. The Night of Destiny
7. M. Schubert's Serenade

"PRIVATE EDMUNDS" TURNS OUT TO BE HERBERT KOSEMUND

German's Fantastic Exploit In British Army

(From Charles Wighton)

Bonn, July 6.
British Army Headquarters in Germany have just admitted that a 22-year-old German went to Britain, enlisted in the Army under a false British name, and served nearly two years in the British Army of the Rhine without Military Intelligence knowing anything about it.

For it has now been revealed that "Private Edmunds" of the East Yorks Regiment in the British Zone was actually Herbert Kosemund of Kiel who was quietly discharged last January.

His English was sufficiently good not to arouse the suspicions of the British National Service-men and regulars with whom he

Super-Radio Station For East Germany

Berlin, July 6.
East Germany today announced the opening of a new "super broadcasting" station at Koepenick, on the eastern corner of Berlin, which will be one of the most powerful voices of Communism in the world.

Radio engineers in the West expect the station to develop a strength of 300 kilowatts, which is three times stronger than the normal medium wave sender.

At the opening ceremony today, the East German Prime Minister, Herr Otto Grotewohl, said the station would play a vital part in the present struggle between Communist and non-Communist groups in Germany to sway the minds of the German people for or against integration with the Western Powers.

Herr Grotewohl said the new station would be the voice of German patriots in their fight for unity and peace. Soviet officials have assisted East German engineers in the construction of Radio Koepenick.

The station was due to be completed last December, but late delivery of some high-power valves caused a six-month delay.

American officials fear the new radio will blur or completely black out the radio in the American sector in Berlin, which is run by the State Department and broadcasts to East Germany. — Reuter.

Referendum Rejects Drink Taxes

Geneva, July 6.
The Swiss electorate has rejected the Government's proposal for raising 1,403 million francs for defence by means of new taxes for all and a tax on all drinks but milk.

The final result of today's national referendum was 352,000 to 255,035 against.

Only three of the 26 cantons — Bern, Zurich and Solothurn — were in favour of the new proposals.

The Federal Council must now work out a new method of raising this money.

The rearmament scheme will go on, only the method has been rejected. For the next three years the Government wants to raise an additional 110,000,000 francs annually for spending on defence weapons and the building up of war material reserves.

Added to the normal military budget, which itself has risen steeply, the new defence proposals will carry Swiss expenditure on armaments to over 3,700 million francs by the Spring of 1955. — Reuter.

Tito Outlines Policy

WILL NOT SIGN
FORMAL PACTS

Belgrade, July 6.
Marshal Tito today suggested that Yugoslavia would help to defend Greece and Turkey if they were attacked, but he declined to negotiate any formal pacts or to join the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

Marshal Tito made a 60-minute speech before 150,000 persons at the South Serbian city of Nish near the Rumanian border, to mark the firing of the first shot in the Serbian war of liberation 11 years ago.

Yugoslavia, he said, was deeply interested in and morally obliged to protect the independence of friendly neighbours.

"Our word has a great deal more power than any formal pact," he declared. "During peacetime, such formal pacts tend to create fronts. We do not wish to join any front which is getting ready for conflict. We want to join the front of peace, not the front of war."

"We do not want to be tied, to any country which is aiming for preventive war or for aggression. We will never go to the side of the aggressor."

RUSSIA ATTACKED

"We consider we must be an element of peace, especially here in the Balkans. For this reason, we have established and are every day deepening good and friendly relations with Greece and Turkey, and we recently secured considerable success with Austria."

Tito attacked Russia, calling her rulers "Fascists and reactionaries, whose terror methods did not differ from the Nazis." He appealed to neighbouring Russian satellites to throw off the Russian yoke.

He denounced an "apparent lie" rumour that Yugoslavia was seeking to get back into Russia's good graces and said these lies were deliberately spread by the Cominform to compromise Yugoslavia's friendship with the West. — United Press.

Yugoslavia To Shoot Spies

London, July 6.
Five Yugoslavs on Saturday night were sentenced to be shot for spying for Bulgaria, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug reported today. The five were sentenced for subversion and espionage, Tanjug said.

Two of them, members of a Bulgarian minority, fled in 1948 to Bulgaria where they were trained as spies and they returned to Yugoslavia on June 28 with hand grenades, revolvers, cameras and propaganda material, the agency said.

The other three condemned to death were sentenced to assassinate leading Yugoslav figures, had collected intelligence information and sought to persuade persons to flee to Bulgaria, Tanjug said. — United Press.

Outrage In Tunis

Tunis, July 6.
Bottles of flaming petrol were thrown through the windows of two tram cars in a Tunis street early today. Four passengers were injured by flying glass. — Associated Press.

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M. **QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

SHOWING TO-DAY

Who is the real Mother of this Child?

The woman who gave it life... or the woman who gave it love?



JERRY WALD and NORMAN KRASNA present
JANE WYMAN
in **THE BLUE VEIL**

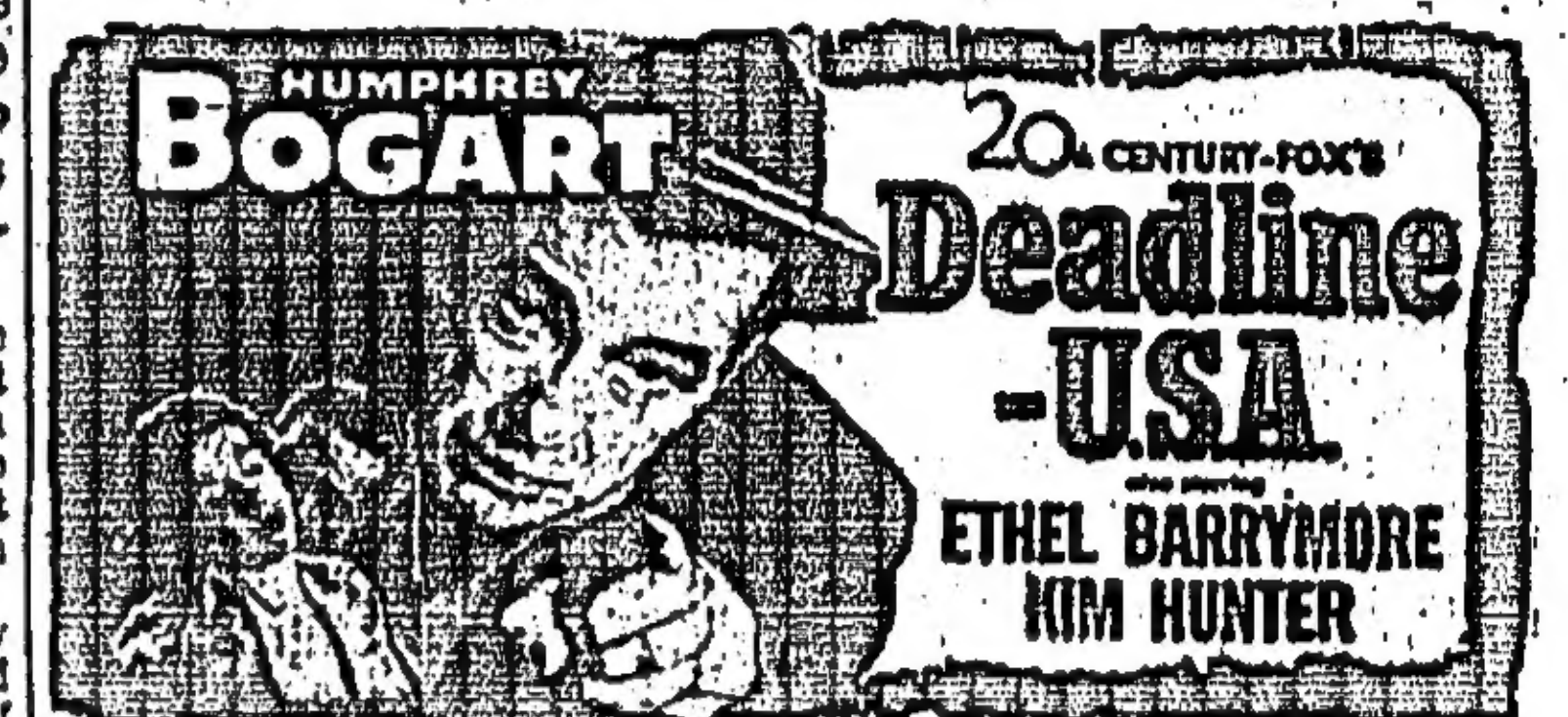
BOX & BROADWAY

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

NO ONE IS SAFE!

THE HEADLINE-HOT STORY OF REVENGE KILLINGS—
AND HOW MEN WHO 'TELL' ARE MARKED!



★ COMMENCING TO-MORROW ★

A GAL WHO TRIED TO KEEP 2 WOLVES FROM THE
DOOR AT THE SAME TIME!



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(Cello) (Piano)

Nathalie Boshko
(Violin)

TO-MORROW and WEDNESDAY,
at 9.30 P.M.

Admissions: \$11.50, \$8.90, \$6.00, \$3.50

PLEASE BOOK EARLY!



Conference In London On TB In The Colonies

Russian Envoy Relieved

London, July 6.
M. Sergel Kavtaradze, Russian Ambassador to Rumania, has been relieved of his duties, according to a Tass message from Moscow received in London today.

The President of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR has appointed M. Anatoly Lavrentyev, previously Soviet Ambassador to Czechoslovakia, to succeed him.

M. Alexander Bogomolov, Russian Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been appointed Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Czechoslovakia, the Tass message said.

M. Kavtaradze has been in Rumania for nearly eight years, first as Soviet head of the Allied Control Commission and later, when the Soviet established diplomatic relations with the post-war Rumanian Government, as first Soviet Ambassador.

M. Kavtaradze was regarded as responsible for the ousting of the Radescu Government, the creation of the first Democratic Front Government, the expulsion of King Michael, and the establishment of the party Government.

He was a close friend of Madame Anna Pauker and Vasile Luca, the superstitious leaders of the Rumanian Communist Party whom he often described in public statements as "the beloved leaders of the Rumanian nation."

The Rumanian news agency reported yesterday that Madame Anna Pauker, who was attacked by the Rumanian Communist Party for deviationism, and dropped from the Party, has been relieved of her duties as Rumanian Foreign Minister.

M. Simion Budechi, formerly Rumanian Ambassador to Russia, succeeds her.

M. Kavtaradze's successor, M. Anatoly Lavrentyev, began his post-war career as Ambassador to Yugoslavia, which Belgrade was the headquarters of the Cominform. He visited Prague just before the coup d'etat of February, 1948, when he was Deputy Foreign Minister, and afterwards became Ambassador to Czechoslovakia.

He is generally regarded as the "strong man" of Soviet diplomacy.

M. Alexander Bogomolov, pre-war Ambassador to Poland, was Ambassador to the exile governments of Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Poland and the Free French Committee in London during the war. After the war he was appointed Ambassador to France and then established good relations with a number of White Russian refugees in Paris.

He is said to have been the first Soviet diplomat to attend services in the Russian Orthodox Church. On leaving France he was made a Deputy Foreign Minister.

London, July 6.
Mr Oliver Lyttelton, Colonial Secretary, is to lead a discussion on "Tuberculosis in British Colonial Territories" on Thursday at the Third Commonwealth Health and Tuberculosis Conference taking place in London from July 8-14.

Colonial representatives also taking part in the discussion include doctors from Lagos, British Guiana, Mauritius and Singapore. Altogether, 28 Dominions and Colonies and 13 other countries will be represented.

The Duchess of Kent, President of the National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (the organizers of the conference), will attend the afternoon session on Tuesday.

A wider aspect, also to be reviewed, will be "Tuberculosis—A Problem for all Peoples." The Secretary of State for Scotland will open the discussion.

Other speakers include Dr Abdul Aziz, Assistant Medical Superintendent, Government Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Samil, Punjab, Pakistan; Dr William Joseph Newling, President, Victorian Branch, National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis in Australia; and Dr George Clair Brink, Director, Division of Tuberculosis Prevention, Department of Health, Canada.

Other topics to be discussed include "Contemporary ideas in the management of the tuberculosis patient," "The social worker and the tuberculosis family" and "The patient in industry."

A new feature of the conference will be the special or-

ganized smaller gatherings for those with particular interests—doctors, nurses, public health officials, social workers. At these meetings individual problems will be discussed.

NEW DRUGS ON SHOW
There will be an exhibition displaying new drugs (including isoniazid acid hydrazide), patients' handcrafts and paintings and drawings by patients taking part in the NAPT Art Therapy scheme. Particularly interesting will be a miniature X-ray unit in action.

Representatives at the conference will have an opportunity to tour hospitals, sanatoria and laboratories in and around London, including the South-West London X-ray centre. They will attend receptions given by Her Majesty's Government, the Royal Society of Medicine and the High Commissioner for India, and visit offices of London daily papers and the B.B.C.

Names of the colonial representatives are as follows:
Dr Vincent Helred, Tuberculosis Specialist, Lagos, Nigeria.
Dr Harold Pacheco Fernandes, Tuberculosis Officer, British Guiana.
Dr Patrick Wimberey Dill-Russell, Deputy-Director of Medical Services, Nyasaland.
Dr Joseph Antoine Rene Lavoipierre, Director of Medical Services, Mauritius.
Dr George Herbert Garlick, Medical Director, Singapore Anti-Tuberculosis Association.—London Express Service.

More than 3,000 former high Nazi officials, all interned for years after the war, met today for what their spokesman called "an unpolitical reunion" on the site of their former internment camp near here.

The tenor of speeches was a demand to be allowed to participate again in public life. Nearly all those present had been forbidden by denazification courts to hold public posts or work in certain professions.

The main resolution addressed to the West German Government and President Theodor Heuss called for the wiping out of "injustices committed on ex-internees" and asked the Government to make use of them "as active collaborators for the welfare of the people and the Fatherland."

The meeting also demanded the immediate release of the top war criminals jailed in Spain, the Allied prison near Berlin.

The ex-internees decided to hold a reunion each year.—Reuter.

Caught In The Act

Berlin, July 6.
American army criminal investigators, who tonight smashed a forgery ring equipped to turn out millions of dollars in bogus American military currency.

In a raid on a Berlin sector printing shop with West Berlin police, they claimed to have arrested two Germans in the act of printing \$500,000 worth of forged money.—Reuter.

Heat Wave Continues In Europe

Frankfurt, July 6.
City dwellers throughout Central Europe poured out of their baking flats today and crowded pools and country streams to escape the record humid heat wave which moved into its eighth day.

Safety officials feared that drowning and sunstroke deaths, already well in the hundreds, would jump during the second Sunday of the muggy, sweltering period.

The number of fatalities in Northern Italy, Eastern France, Central Germany and Switzerland was estimated at close to 400.

In the relatively small West German State of North Rhine-Westphalia alone, more than 60 persons were drowned in the past week.

The mercury hovered at 95.5 Fahrenheit at Frankfurt, Heidelberg, Nuremberg and other South Central German cities. It was 102.2 in Karlsruhe.

The heat wave continued in France with temperatures of up to 95 degrees but with a chance of cooler weather tomorrow.—United Press.

Quarrel Over Jagganath

New Delhi, July 6.
Thousands of pilgrims were turned away disappointed when a quarrel between priests and temple management over the custody of sacred jewels stopped the 1,800-year-old "Jagganath" festival at Puri, on the east coast of India.

Decorations of an immense wooden image of Jagganath (Lord of the Universe) with diamond-studded ornaments should have climaxed this year's eight-day festival. But when the god, drawn through the streets on a 45-foot wooden car by 2,000 devotees, reached the temple gates on its return journey on Friday, an argument arose between priests and management over who should be responsible for the safety of the jewels during the stirring ceremony.

The crowds, who waited until midnight for a glimpse of the image in its golden finery, were finally told the ceremony would not take place.

This is the second year in succession the stirring ceremony has been cancelled because of the same dispute.—Reuter.

Death Of Ex-Premier

Quebec, July 6.
A former Quebec Premier, Alexandre Taschereau, died today after a long illness. He was 85. The former Premier retired from public life after his resignation in 1935.—United Press.

Cheerful Outlook For 1953 On Economic Front

Washington, July 6.
The economic outlook for the free world in 1953 is good despite the unpredictable outcome of the United States Presidential election next November, according to some of the best-informed Government sources today.

Officials here said the world business trends will be influenced by United States economic trends and that statistical thermometers here point to improvement rather than retrogression in the national economy.

Officials admitted there was current uneasiness among businessmen both in the United States and abroad concerning the possibility of a future "depression." They discounted such fears on the grounds the domestic and foreign programs already adopted by the United States Government were favorable to sustained volume of business at home and abroad next year.

Some well-informed sources attributed the reports of international uneasiness partly to United States political uncertainty and partly to the fact that the Korean conflict caused a short-lived stimulus to new materials and prices and an

'NEW DEAL' FOR IMMIGRANTS IN AUSTRALIA

Suggestions Put Forward

Canberra, July 6.
Immigrants coming to Australia will get a "new deal" if proposals adopted by men and women belonging to 123 of Australia's leading organizations, are implemented.

The proposals were drawn up and embodied in a manifesto issued by delegates to the Third Australian Citizenship Convention.

These discussed, collectively and in specialized groups, plans for maintaining the population-building immigration policy, ways of making the path of the newcomer easier, solutions to the few social evils which have arisen as hundreds of thousands of Europeans are channelled into a new land, mainly through the much-criticized emergency housing camps.

From experience in implementing decisions of the two previous conferences is emerging a policy aimed at forging closer bonds between the old hemisphere and the new.

The main proposals made by the Convention were:

1. Better accommodation to be provided for new arrivals. Nissen huts were condemned and hostels described as unsuitable for permanent accommodation. Some immigrants have spent years in these.
2. Radio time to be given to programmes to help the assimilation of immigrants and social workers for hostels. "To inculcate self help." (Independent surveys since have criticized the lack of self-help among British immigrants in holding camps).
3. Vocational guidance and information to be made freely available in hostels and camps.

FAMILY UNITS
4. Every assistance to be given to immigrants wanting to build their own homes, including loans at low interest.

5. An authority to be set up to deal with welfare cases not covered by present social services.

6. A permanent play director and great facilities for pre-school education in hostels.

7. Emphasis on bringing out family units "as soon as economic circumstances permit" because "ill-balance from bringing in a disproportionate number of male immigrants... in the final analysis will result in industrial inefficiency and numerous social evils."

8. Family units should not be broken up either in camps or through immigration of only younger members of a family.

It was considered that immigrants could perhaps be represented at future conventions.

THE RIGHT NAME
The delegates also decided that while newcomers from continental and southern Europe should continue to be called "New Australians", arrivals from Britain should be more properly described as "British immigrants."

The Police Section Group took the Australian Press to task for referring to immigrants as such in court cases, although "old Australians" were referred to as individuals.

The incidence of serious crime is 33 per cent higher among Australian-born citizens than among immigrants, they declared, although there has been an overall decrease in crime since the post-war period of large-scale immigration. They blamed most of the "immigrant crime" on unsuitable (such as hostel) living conditions.

Six hundred thousand immigrants have come to Australia since World War II ended. The target for this year, announced by the Immigration Minister, Mr Harold Holt, is 65,000 British from all sources, 25,000

Dutch, between 15,000 and 20,000 Italians and about 12,000 West Europeans, including Germans.

Mr Holt added that Australia wants more priority to be given to those who can play a useful part in rural industry. Between the 1933 census and that of 1947, Mr Holt said, Australia's total rural labour force dropped by 60,000 to a total of 435,000.

FARM LABOUR
In the period from 1939 to 1947, when Australia's 7,000,000 population rose by a million and a half to 8,500,000, the rural labour force fell by 42,000.

Today, the population is rising at the rate of 2.7 per cent a year, but rural production is increasing by only about one per cent a year.

That he added, is why Australian immigration officers are seeking farm labour from Europe. Britain is short of rural workers herself.

Transition from holding camps to community life will be made easier if another Convention decision is put into effect. The Convention felt that its Food Neighbourhood Councils and New Settlers' Leagues should arrange for new homes to be visited by the local clergy and should interview the immigrant's employer "with a view to fostering such good relationship between new and old Australians in the industry."

Members of the immigrant family should also be invited to take part in local activities, sporting and social.—Reuter.

Eric Shipton To Have Another Go

Khatmandu, July 6.
The British mountaineer, Eric Shipton, said in an interview here today that he would make an attempt on Everest in 1953 equipped with better oxygen equipment.

"Final preparations must be worked out after I return home," he said, adding that from what he had heard of the experiences of the recent Swiss Everest Expedition, he was not very hopeful of success.

Mr Shipton proposed to take Tein Singh, the native guide who climbed with the Swiss, Raymond Lambert, within 900 feet of Everest's summit.

"He is a wonderful man," Mr Shipton said. "He defies nature, and possesses an extraordinary mountaineering spirit."

Accompanied by three of his colleagues, Lowe, Hillary and Colledge, Mr Shipton arrived here today at the end of his ill-fated mission to conquer the 28,750-foot Himalayan Cho Oyu peak.

He expects to stay for a week before going to Delhi on his way to London.

He said that the Himalayan limestone peak family, including Cho Oyu, seemed unconquerable. His expedition was defeated at 22,500 feet by a great barrier of ice cliffs barring access to the upper part of the peak's west face, he said.—Associated Press.

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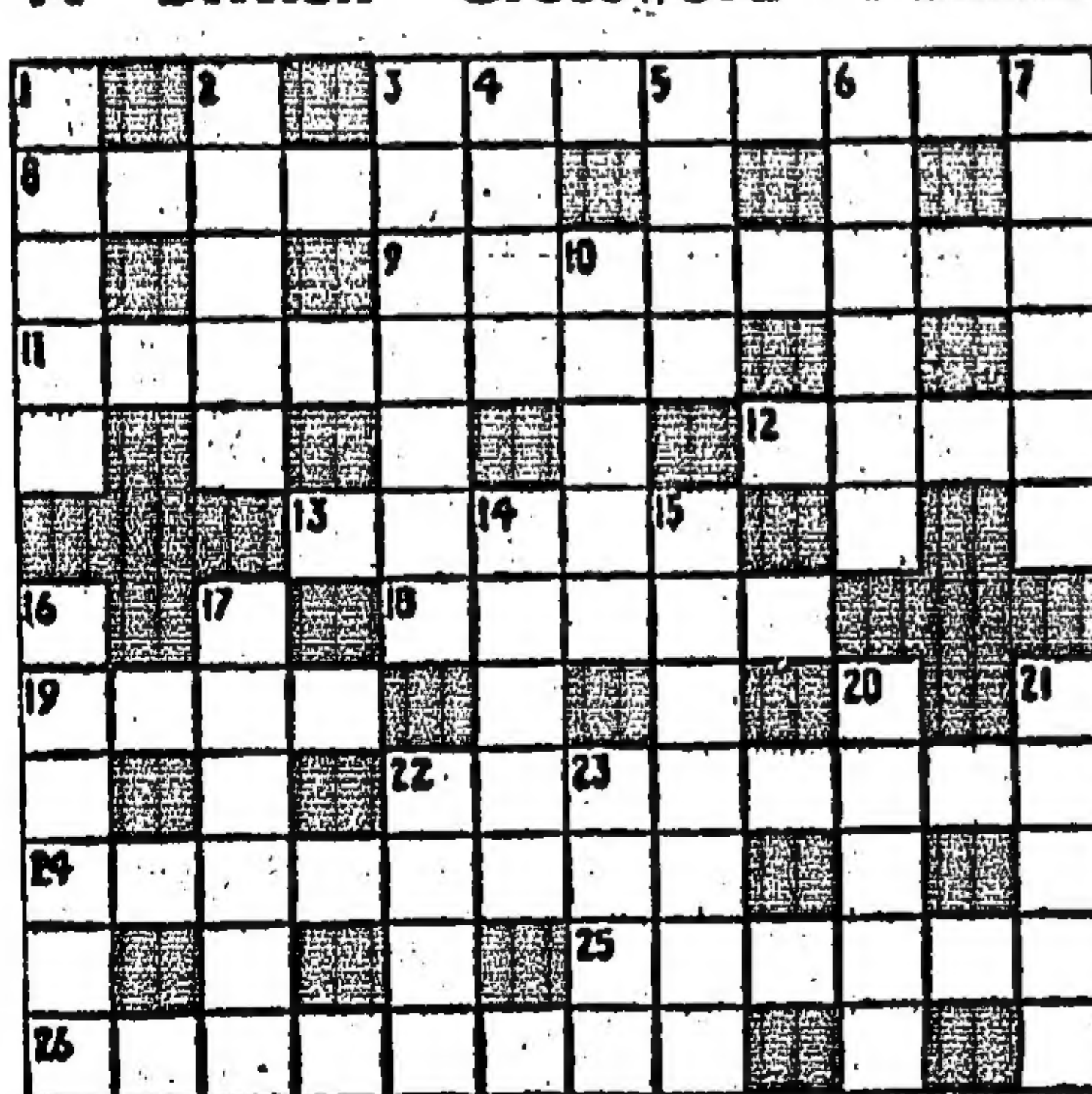
AMONG WOMEN RICE WORKERS IN THE PO VALLEY.

Silvana MANGANO in De Santis

Bitter Rice

ENGLISH DIALOGUE An Italian Picture

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
- 3 American hat (8).
 - 9 Counsellor (6).
 - 9 Plunders (8).
 - 11 Alarms (6).
 - 12 Adhesive (4).
 - 13 Bury (5).
 - 10 Pierced (5).
 - 10 Monster (4).
 - 22 Narrowing to a point (8).
 - 24 Shopkeeper (8).
 - 25 Disinclined (6).
 - 26 Determined (8).
- DOWN
- 1 Diver (5).
 - 2 Tell-tale (5).
 - 3 Separating into different kinds (7).
 - 4 Spoils (4).
 - 5 Fish (4).
 - 6 Surpasses (6).
 - 7 Dispossessed (8).
 - 10 At no time (6).
 - 14 Sum (5).
 - 15 Caution (7).
 - 16 Extreme leaching (6).
 - 17 Free of charge (6).
 - 20 Spirited (5).
 - 21 Tally (5).
 - 22 Cultivate (4).
 - 23 Fuel (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across: 3 Particle, 7 Large, 9 Sparked, 10 Answer, 13 Retired, 15 Site, 17 Fellers, 18 Second, 20 Cray, 21 Rusty, 24 Cheese, 27 Retired, 28 Ended, 29 Streaked, Down: 1 Claret, 2 Trust, 3 Foe, 4 Tart, 5 Collie, 6 Eddies, 8 Prefect, 11 Never, 12 Widen, 14 Deduce, 15 State, 16 Ticks, 18 Scores, 19 Canter, 22 Shred, 23 Leads, 24 Ready, 25 Mica.

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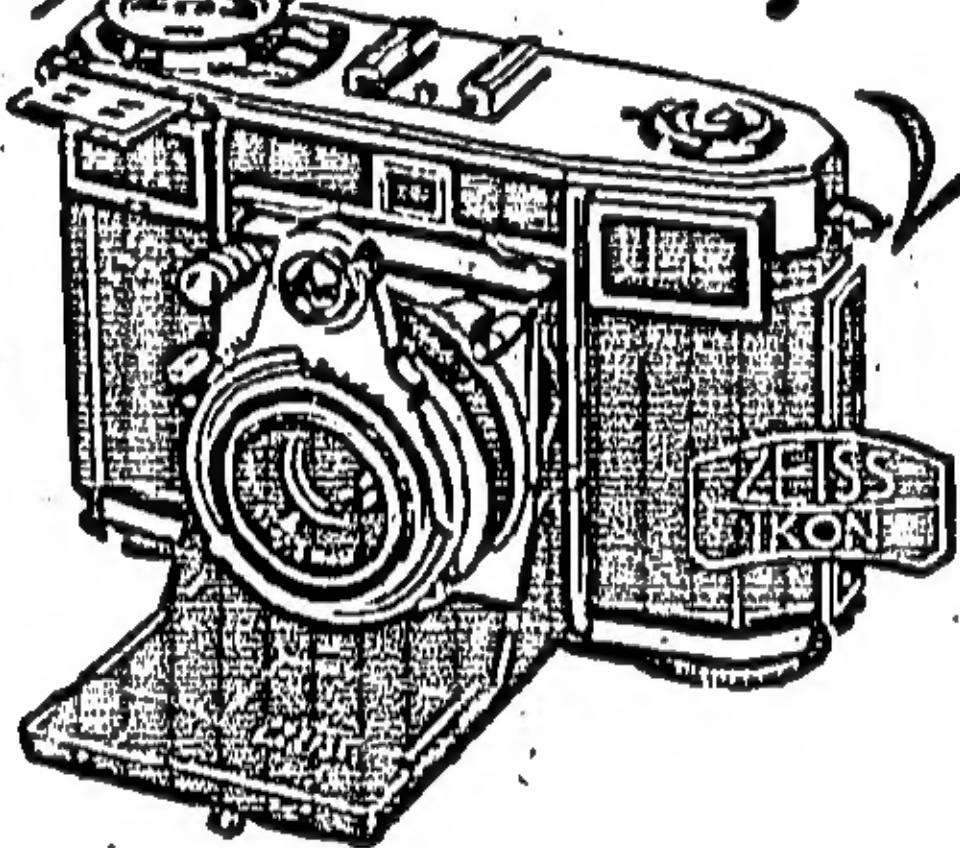
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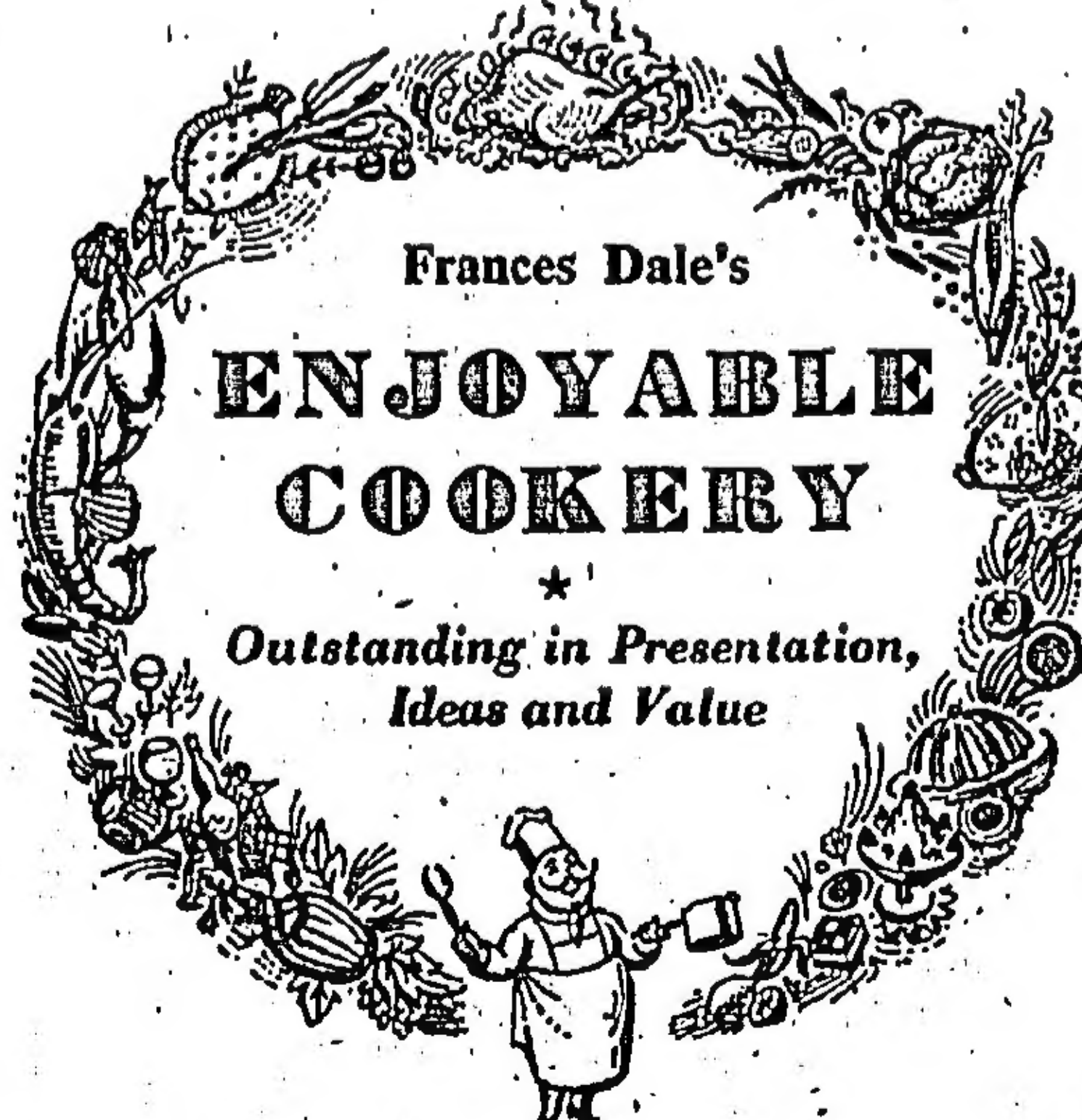


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HONGKONG AND KOWLOON



"Really, Martha, after a week at Ascot I should have thought we were entitled to a Sunday off."

London Express Service

Sergeant Shutov

(he has now escaped to freedom)

looks at road-signs

By T. R. FYVEL

WHAT does the ordinary Russian think about us? Or, to put the question more precisely, what does the Soviet citizen who reads his newspapers attentively and who has perhaps talked to a Soviet soldier who has served abroad, think about the Western world?

It may be objected that, in view of the hermetic isolation in which Stalin's subjects are kept, this question is purely academic. But this is not quite true, for even from the slight contacts possible in such places as Berlin and Vienna, one is able to guess that the lives and outlook of many ordinary Soviet citizens bear little resemblance to the picture painted by Stalinist propaganda.

Glimpses of this difference were provided during the war. In 1941, when General von Rundstedt's armies, in their uninterrupted first advance, drove all the way to Rostov, on the Black Sea, within the space of two months, not only did large Soviet units surrender with hardly a fight, but the local population received the German invaders with few signs of ill-will.

It was only as the S.S., following the German troops, began deliberately, by Hitler's orders, to treat the Russian people with fiendish cruelty that the foundations for the Soviet nationalist struggle were laid.

It would be interesting to know, too, to what extent the Russian people practise what the British satirist, George Orwell, calls "double-think", that mental self-defence of the ordinary citizen against totalitarian propaganda. I remember coming across a particularly clear illustration of this towards the end of the war, while interrogating some very young German prisoners from an S.S. division.

At first sight, these men seemed to believe implicitly what they had read in papers like *Schwarze Korps* for example that Roosevelt and Churchill had "forced" the war on an "innocent" Hitler and that they were plotting the destruction of the entire German people.

Were they frightened now that they were prisoners, I asked. "Oh, no," was the answer; they knew that the "Tommys," that is to say, the British, were fair.

But how did this square with the Nazi propaganda which they also believed? It was clear that with one part of their minds these youngsters believed the propaganda stories. Yet among themselves, they lived in a world of their own, in which their own feelings and interests held sway. In this world one was a little afraid, perhaps, of being taken prisoner by the French—they might be vengeful; on the other hand, the Americans were obviously tremendously rich, and it had become known that Germans in their hands got plenty of food and cigarettes; and the British, again, were known to treat their prisoners particularly fairly.

One young man reported that his father had been a prisoner of the British during the first

world war, when he had had a "good time" as a land-worker in England.

What emerged from these testimonies was that these young, indoctrinated Germans seemed at one and the same time able to accept the official propaganda, and yet to formulate their own, realistic, personal views in another compartment of their minds.

It may be said that this cannot be the case with Russian soldiers, since their personal direct and indirect knowledge of the non-Communist world must be far slimmer. Yet even in the minds of Stalin's soldiers, there are evidently undercurrents of doubt. One gathers this clearly from the deserters constantly trickling through to the Allied lines.

Their Doubts

FOR example, one of the latest testimonies, that of Sergeant N. I. Shutov, who has sought refuge with the British in Germany, provides an interesting glimpse of the sort of notions which Soviet soldiers ponder over.

Sergeant Shutov admitted that by and large he and his friends believed everything that they read in the totalitarian Soviet press. For example, Soviet newspapers blame all material shortcomings on the "machinations" of the "capitalists," led by "warmongers" such as Truman and Churchill, and most Soviet citizens, said Shutov, "take it for granted that there is at least some truth in this."

Yet, he added, he and his friends also had their moments of healthy doubt. They always enjoyed catching out their superiors in some obvious untruth.

He recalled that in a small town in Eastern Germany, his unit had noted the large size and modern design of the schools. Answering questions, a political instructor had described these schools as one of the blessings of the Communist regime in East Germany; previously only the children of capitalists had been able to go to school.

Made A Fool

ONE of Shutov's friends, however, noticed that according to dates on the walls these schools had been built long before the Soviet troops arrived. "Things can't have been so bad in Germany," he commented to the instructor, "because the school of these schools shows there must have been an enormous number of capitalists in Germany."

Loud laughter greeted this sally, though Shutov says some of the men hadn't even understood the argument. They just knew the instructor had been made a fool of. That was enough.

Not that such incidents are regular. Shutov's testimony shows how hard it is for Soviet soldiers to break through the propaganda surrounding them. For instance, he and three

other sergeants decided to devote their "self-study time" to geography. One of the first things which struck them was that the countries bordering the U.S.S.R. on the West all seemed very small on the map. As they had been told that these countries were "on the verge of economic collapse," they felt that the U.S.S.R. could have little to fear from them.

When the sergeants raised this point they were immediately ordered to change from their study of geography to that of the official history of the Communist Party.

Stalinist political surveillance over Soviet soldiers is evidently a constant practice. Yet, in a pathetically primitive way, Shutov continued to try to find out things for himself. There was the story, which impressed him, of the Soviet soldier abroad who had fallen asleep, exhausted, in someone's garden. He awoke to find himself on a sofa in the house, looked after by the owner—and with his wallet and valuables safe. Shutov and

his friends agreed that this would not have been the case in the U.S.S.R. Yet, after all they had been told, it was surprising that they should find people abroad were more honest than in the Soviet Union.

Revealing in its naivete was Shutov's surprise on finding that there were signposts all over the Soviet Zone of Germany. In the U.S.S.R., apparently, there are practically none; partly because of the marks for secrecy, partly because the citizens steal them and chop them up for firewood. To make sure that one signpost near his billet was not stolen, Shutov chipped it with his penknife. It remained unharmed. It was always the same post, never stolen!

Secret Visit

WHEN his various doubts turned his thoughts towards desertion, Shutov paid a secret visit one night to the home of a German farmhand. He forced his way in, greatly frightening

the occupant, and inspected everything. He even tried the German's bed. In addition to being a feather-bed, it had a genuine spring mattress. The house and bed of this foreign farm-worker were like those he had been told only capitalists possessed!

So, driven more and more by his doubts, as well as personal motives, Sergeant Shutov deserted, and he has expressed his astonishment at what he has seen.

Open Window

It would be wrong, of course, to generalise. Yet such cases do show that, like Hitler's young soldiers, so Stalin's Russians, even while passively swallowing the official propaganda, have their own thoughts, pieced together from fragments of personal experience and personal ideas. To have a picture of these thoughts is of importance to the West.

That is why it is vital, for example, to maintain free Berlin as an open window on to the Soviet world. Conversely, it is an obvious reason why the Soviet rulers are so desperately anxious to close it.

NOTHING IS TOO TOUGH FOR "CANNON BALL" CLARK

By John Ashwin

London. "OUR aim in warfare is offence—and not defence."

The words belong to United Nations Supreme Commander in Korea, 56-year-old General Mark Wayne Clark. They were spoken ten years ago when General—then Major—Clark was Commander of the U.S. ground forces in England and the man responsible for toughening up the American forces over here in preparation for D-day.

Today, while the world—including no doubt the Kremlin—debates General Clark's decision to give the go-ahead for the Yalu River bombing, the man in command has changed little. Just how little can be seen from his latest message on the second anniversary of the Korea war. A message stabbed with words significantly similar to those he used in 1942 at his headquarters "somewhere in England."

Then came the between-the-wars period when uniforms—especially military ones—were things that the world was trying to forget for ever. At one time Mark Clark thought of quitting the Army altogether for a better paid job in civil life. His father, however, ever persuaded him to stick it out and his father won the day.

Then came the usual office appointments in the various departments. Then, dramatically, Pearl Harbor—and America was plunged into World War II and uniforms were the vogue again. Especially military ones.

Within two years, the man who almost quit the Army had soared from Lieutenant-Colonel to Lieutenant-General. The mark he was making in military circles spread to political circles. He came to the notice of President Roosevelt and when bloody fighting of 1939 and 1941 was ready.

all, readiness to strike while the iron is hot.

Not that any of this is very surprising. General Clark—son of a colonel and grandson of an army doctor—was literally born into the Army at Madison Barracks, New York.

At 17 he was the youngest cadet of his class. His commission came just after America entered World War I and the boy from New York was over in France in time—as he put it—to take part in the fighting. He was wounded in the Meuse-Argonne offensive but stayed on to take part in the Army of Occupation. On his jacket the Purple Heart.

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tain, Prime Minister Churchill at once recognised him as a soldier after his own heart.

The war was moving on to the North African landings. For the success of the landings it was essential to ascertain the "lie of the land," and Clark with four other American and three British Commando officers undertook the mission.

After travelling by plane, train, ship, submarine, and car they reached their destination—a lonely house where they met high-ranking French Generals friendly to the Allied cause. The meeting over, the next step was to regain the submarine waiting to take them off.

It was a cross-country journey with the eight men dressed in civilian and peasant's clothes. They had lost all their own clothing and the fact that Clark's trousers were later washed up on a beach and returned to him—and now lie in America's Smithsonian Institute, is merely one of those twists of fate which enable museums to collect memories of the famous.

Next came Clark's service as Commander of the 5th Army as it crunched forward in the invasion of Italy in 1943. It was this campaign, which provided the world with the first big debating point in the career of General Mark Clark.

And it was Mark Clark himself who put himself in the firing line by presenting a convincing case why the famous Abbey Casino should never

have been bombed. Producing documentary evidence he maintained that he had proved that there were never at any time any German soldiers in the building and that the destruction of the monastery was a psychological and tactical mistake.

With the Second World War over, General Clark took command of the American forces in Austria. In May 1947, however, he asked to be recalled, and in a national broadcast from New York attacked Russian policy for "frustrating" Allied peace agreements. The battle with the Soviets which has now brought him to the bombing of the Yalu River was on.

When Pravda accused him of "rudeness" General Clark retorted: "As a soldier kid gloves are not my style."

Now Clark is in Korea with his biggest command yet. When he took over from General Ridgway in May of this year he inherited the responsibility of watching over the biggest powder keg in world history.

Straight as the cannon ball of his nickname however, General Clark is walking across the top of that powder keg. His critics may howl that he is already setting light to the powder, but the General will take no notice. Once he has made up his mind he goes right ahead.

Recently he published his war memoirs in a book called "Calculated Risk". One can be sure that the title was no casual choice.

The
CHAPMAN PINCHER
Column

Dentists' Gas—No Laughing Matter

STRONG criticism of the methods used by most dentists for extracting teeth under gas is made by doctors today.

Experiments at Guy's Hospital have shown that patients who are given gas while sitting back in a dentist's chair may be exposed to the risk of serious lung infection.

Mr Russell Brock, the famous heart surgeon, believes that many cases of lung abscess are caused by the accidental inhalation of infected tissue during tooth extractions under gas.

He criticises dentists for increasing this risk by taking out too many teeth at one sitting. Dr George Walter Scott has tested Brock's theory on 100 out-patients given gas at Guy's. While they were sitting in the dentist's chair, Dr Scott put a few drops of harmless oil into their mouths. When the extractions were finished each patient was X-rayed.

The X-rays proved that one patient in four had accidentally inhaled substantial quantities of the oil into the lungs.

Dr Scott believes that the risk would be greatly reduced if extractions were carried out with patients sitting bolt upright or lying down backwards, or being tilted slightly backwards.

SMALL AD.

★ **LATEST CHAZE** of proud American fathers is to announce the birth of their children in the newspapers as a mock-advertisement, like this one put in by a publisher:—

BOOK REVIEW

A Masterpiece—Latest addition to Robinson's list. Title: *Judith Robinson, Authors, Mary Robinson, Collaborator, John Robinson, Edited by Dr Robert Jones, Associate Editor, Dr J. Forsyth. Entered as First Class Periodical at Sacred Heart Hospital, Spokane, Washington, June 20, 1952. Package Weight: 7lb. 5ozs.*

5-MILE TRIM

★ **MEN WHO PRIDE** themselves on being precise should ask their barbers to "take off a mile and a half" instead of ordering a trim. That is about the length of hair a well-thatched man loses in a visit to the barber. A woman who decides on a poodle-cut must shed at least five miles.



JACOBY ON BRIDGE

There's One Way To Play This Hand

By OSWALD JACOBY

ANY sensible reader of this column will make six spades with the hand shown today. All you can lose is one club trick.

What about the hearts? Well, anybody who has normal eyesight can see that the queen of hearts is doubled in the East hand. My readers are in the position of the kibitzer, and the first rule of the kibitzer is "Never flinch." When the queen is doubled.

When this hand was actually played, however, the declarer didn't have the advantage of seeing the cards held by the defenders. The South player happened to be Charlie Solomon, of Philadelphia, one of the country's great bridge stars.

Charlie proceeded to demonstrate that he can do as well with his eyes closed as most other players can do with their eyes wide open.

Charlie won the first trick with the ace of clubs, drew two rounds of trumps, cashed the ace and king of diamonds, and led the ace of clubs from his hand. If West had carefully played the nine of clubs, East would have been forced to win with the ten and then, on return from West, would give declarer the slam.

West saw the trap in time, so he stepped up with the jack of clubs, winning the trick. He then excitedly leading the queen of hearts through dummy. Solomon won the trick with dummy's king of hearts and ruffed a club in his hand.

NORTH 15		EAST 15	
♠KJ8	♠AKJ6	♠AKJ6	♠AKJ6
♥AK	♥AK	♥AK	♥AK
♦AK	♦AK	♦AK	♦AK
♣AK	♣AK	♣AK	♣AK

WEST 15		EAST 15	
♠KJ8	♠AKJ6	♠AKJ6	♠AKJ6
♥AK	♥AK	♥AK	♥AK
♦AK	♦AK	♦AK	♦AK
♣AK	♣AK	♣AK	♣AK

Opening lead—♠K.

Watch a hand being played in a luxury restaurant. You'll notice that just enough of the dressing is used to coat each piece of the salad, and that there isn't a smidgeon left at the bottom of the salad bowl. Well, here's a salad dressing concocted by a noted gourmet who urges that just enough be used to well-coat each leaf.

Mustard Dressing. Mix ½ tsp. mustard, ½ tsp. salt and ½ tsp. sugar into a smooth paste with 3 tsp. tarragon vinegar. Add 1 tsp. chopped onion, ½ tsp. chopped parsley and one crushed garlic clove. Let stand for an hour, then remove garlic. Add 9 tsp. olive oil slowly, stirring constantly, to form an emulsion.

Spicy Tomato Sauce. For a spicy tomato sauce that does things for fish, cook 2 c. tomatoes with one minced onion slice. Strain. Add 1 tsp. butter, 2 tsp. sugar, ¼ tsp. paprika, 3 tsp. flour, ½ tsp. pepper, ½ tsp. salt and ½ tsp. prepared mustard. Let come to a boil, then cook slowly for 10 minutes.

WOMANSENSE

Sophistication



There is an air of elegance and sophistication about this black velvet hat decorated with crepe camellias, a motif continued in the huge buttonhole. It was seen at the fourteenth co-ordinated collection of model millinery shown at the Dorchester Hotel, Park Lane, by the Associated Millinery Designers of London. (Reuterphoto).

SPICY SALAD DRESSINGS

WHAT better time is there than now to give salad dressing and special sauces a workout?

Spiced Vinegar. A good place to begin is with a very special spiced vinegar, designed to give an epicurean touch to salad dressings. Get together ¼ oz. each whole cloves, mace, allspice, pepper, celery seed and mustard seed, one qt. good cider vinegar, 1 tsp. sugar, one bay leaf and one tsp. salt. Place all ingredients in a covered Mason jar for 2 weeks. Strain and then use in salad dressings.

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BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

There's No Place Like Home!

—That's What Mr. and Mrs. Robin Finally Decide—

By MAX TRELL

IN a very warm, very sunny, very pleasant valley in Central America, half-way between North America and South America, Mr. Robertson Redvest Robin was spending the winter. He was spending it, as he always spent it, in the enjoyable company of his wife Rosy.

They had a beautiful tree all to themselves; and from the top of the tree they had a magnificent view of the Atlantic Ocean on one side, and the Pacific Ocean on the other. And if they flew up to the top of the tree, they had a very plain view of the Gulf of Mexico.

All Free of Charge

Quite near their own tree was a banana tree, where they could always get fresh bananas free of charge. There were also in the neighbourhood date trees, fig trees, coconut trees, pineapple trees, and a great variety of

Wild Orchids

"And where," said Mr. Robin, "would you be able to find orchids growing wild instead of

just clover and buttercups and daisies, as they do up in the country where we used to live?"

Agah Rosy nodded in agreement with her husband.

"And where, my darling, would you be able to find such cheerful neighbours as we have here—the parrots, the monkeys, the cranes, the flamingoes, the wild geese and all the other friendly birds and animals and insects?"

Rosy was silent for a minute or two. Finally she said: "Yes, Mr. Robin, this is certainly a better place than our regular home up North. No one ever thinks of giving up a banana, up there, and all the figs and dates and coconuts are in the vegetable stores."

"You are certainly right," said Mr. Robin, nodding wisely.

"The orchids are all in the florist shops. Only the clover, the buttercups, the daisies, the black-eyed susans, the wild roses, the lilacs and the dandelions grow around us."

"You might," said Mr. Robin, "mention the apple blossoms, the peach and cherry and pear and plum blossoms. It's only fair. Come to think of it," he added,



"This is the loveliest place in the world," Mr. Robin said to Rosy.

"They're quite pretty... some of them."

Neighbours Back Home

"Yes, I suppose you might say so," said Rosy, beginning to talk faster and with a trace of excitement. "But our neighbours up there aren't nearly as important or as interesting as they are down here. Let me see now... mole, squirrel, chipmunk, woodchuck, toad, frog, cricket, grasshopper, bumble-bee."

"Nice folks, though," admitted Mr. Robin. "I wonder if they've forgotten us."

"I guess so," said Rosy.

"I don't see why they should!" exclaimed Mr. Robin with sudden excitement. "We've only been away a few months. Most of them have been sleeping all winter anyway."

"But they're awake now!" cried Rosy. "And the apple blossoms are starting to open. Everybody's getting busy. Our old Oak is starting to get fresh new leaves. Somebody will be moving into our old nest. But we don't care. We're going to stay here and—"

"What! Stay here? Who said so? Come!" shouted Mr. Robin. "Let's get packed! I want to go home!"

And Rosy Robin smiled, for she did, too!

Miss Prince, from Australia, shows a London crowd that they're lacking something when it comes to elegance



Miss Prince, from Adelaide, shows a London crowd that they're lacking something when it comes to elegance

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BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

THE story of a maker of life-size mechanical walking elephants going out of business affects us all. The thing is to make something smaller.

Surely even the richest parents would hesitate to buy a child a life-size walking elephant. Imagine the streets of the mother, the governess, the day-nurse, the night-nurse, the under-butler, and two of the bestest parrot-maids to get the beast into the night-nursery when Master Reginald refuses to go to sleep without saying good-night to Jumbo.

Enter everybody

IN an American hotel, says a returned traveller, it takes some time to find out which of the dozens of bells in your bedroom you should ring when you want something. If you are lonely, ring them all. Your bed will slide back into the wall, the chairs will fold up, and there will enter the room a florist, a valet, a typist, an ironer, a water carrier, a chauffeur, a detective, an electrician, a window-cleaner, a travel agent, a hatter, a bootmaker, a psychiatrist, a dog-sitter, a masseur, a manicurist, a chiropodist, a musician, a fortune-teller, and an ice-cream man.

Here and there

IT is reckoned that 1,243 choristers, totalling 37,001 years of age between them, have been singing for

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

MONDAY, JULY 7

BORN today, you are very definitely the managing type. You are not completely happy unless you are bossing things. But, since you are a good executive, the trust that others put in you is usually well-warranted. You know how to drive a hard bargain and have also the ability to give. As a consequence, you should accumulate considerable wealth during your lifetime.

Your taste is impeccable and your judgment excellent. Although you may appear to act upon impulse and your temper is not to be trusted at all times—for it flares up unexpectedly—you usually know exactly what to do in a crisis. No matter how bitter the opposition, you are ready with a good answer and a stiff battle

TUESDAY, JULY 8

CANCER (June 22-July 23)—You are genuinely sympathetic to everyone. A few kind words can help another get through a difficult day.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Morning hours are for good, hard work. Concentrate on the job that needs doing. Get it done quickly.

STRID (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—A confidential conversation with close friends may be a consolation right now. Tell them about your problems.

LIRIA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—Tensions can build up if you don't consciously relax them. Light recreation can be helpful.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 23)—Don't let outside distractions deter you from your objective. Stick to your tasks; get them done.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 24-Dec. 23)—One of your very good days. The green lights are on for anything that you may wish to do.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 24-Jan. 20)—You may be able to turn a past favour now. Do your full share.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Home is where the heart is. Find contentment and happiness with your own close family circle.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—A quiet day, spent with those you love, can be a real antidote for the troubles of the times.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—Stick closely to routine if you want to accomplish everything you have set your mind to. Apply yourself.

TABURIS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Love and romance are well-favoured. If well, expect added pleasures within the home circle.

GERMINI (May 22-June 21)—Conversations must be observed if you are not to be talked about. Don't look too far afield for excitement.

CHESS PROBLEM

By M. WROBEL

(BOF Tourney 55)

Black, 13 pieces.



White, 6 pieces. White to play; mate in two.

Solution to Saturday's problem: 1. Kt-B7, any; 2. Q, R, B, or Kt mates.

DUMB-BELLS

OUR PARROT SAYS MAMA AND PAPA!



Oh! ARE ITS PARENTS STILL LIVING?

INTELLIGENCE TEST

MILITARY

By T. O. HARE

A RUM story, the present-day army, said Field-marshal Outlaw of the First division, annual dinner. He handed out a paragraph from a newspaper. It turned out to be a report of a quinquennial wedding at a certain place. And each of five members of the division had married the only sister of one of the others.

The warriors in question are a general, a major, a captain, a lieutenant, and a private. Their surnames correspond to these five ranks. The private is the namesake of his own rank, of the namesake of the major's rank, and none of the girls has married her brother. The major's brother-in-law is the captain's brother-in-law. The captain's brother-in-law is the lieutenant's brother-in-law. The lieutenant's brother-in-law is the private's brother-in-law.

What is the rank of Private's brother-in-law? Are his brothers-in-law?

(Solution on Page 40)

ON THE RECORD

No Harm In Shaking Up The Old Bones

One of the happiest men in Hongkong yesterday was Auxiliary Chue Sai-hin of the Hongkong Home Guard. He is 4 feet 10 inches tall and weighs 98 pounds. If he holds on to his happy approach to his problems, he may very well end up as a member of Hongkong's Olympic team in Melbourne in 1956 as a marksman.

Just about six weeks ago, Auxiliary Chue Sai-hin came out with many more characters of advanced years to the 25-yard range at the Defence Force Headquarters at Happy Valley when they handed him a popgun (otherwise known as a .22). Auxiliary Chue Sai-hin ("Wise-Happy") Chue is a rough translation of what his parents decided he should be called) kept popping and popping away and one of the most respected gentlemen in the soldiering profession kept getting more and more burnt up, so much so that at times passed the rest of the detail could even smell the smell of burning flesh.

In due course it came to such a pass that no less a personality than RSM King thought the whole business was getting out of bounds of anything known to be reasonable.

Before "Wise-Happy" Chue knew much more, RSM King was holding his rifle, Sgt. Jack Harpham was holding his hands and Sgt. L. Brezzy was sitting on the small of his back. The popgun exploded once more and hit nothing.

Said RSM King—and his voice even frightened the fifteen wailing—"I don't hit the target this time. I will pick up this gun and shoot you."

Auxiliary Chue Sai-hin hit the target with his very next pop and that's the beginning of the story.

Within the week, Auxiliary Chue Sai-hin was up at the Peak Range, firing at 100 yards with a Service rifle.

It was made quite clear to him—two warnings into the bank and then five into the target.

Some 20 minutes later Auxiliary Chue Sai-hin came back, all 4 feet 10 inches of him, lighted up into a bigger beam of self-satisfaction than any sun in the whole astronomical constellation can conjure up.

"How many times did you hit the board with all those circles," said the Company Sergeant very testily. "Seven," said "Happy" Chue. "You don't say so," said the Sergeant, "and how many times did you hit that big black spot right in the middle?"

"Seven times," said "Happy" Chue.

The man has yet to be proved a liar and yesterday his effort helped Corporal Bill Cowie's section win the Home Guard's Inter-Sectional Shoot.

"Happy" Chue feels very unhappy shooting at 25 yards. At 300 yards, he is not quite so unhappy.

"Happy" Chue is only one of the new soldiers who helped win the Inter-Sectional Cup presented by Major Jack Grenham. Another one holding up a helping hand was a man known on the roll as "O.L.D."

For many weeks now, Home Guardsmen resting their tired backs against the wall have been summoned up enough energy to try to identify "O.L.D."

"O.L.D." made his presence felt yesterday. With Corporal Bill Cowie he had his section's Bron working to a tune of 91 points, a score that the Defence Force's Bren crews may aspire to.

This member of Bill Cowie's crew was later identified as

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THE TIE RULE IN COUNTY CRICKET MAY BE CHANGED AGAIN NEXT SEASON

Says DENIS COMPTON

I should not be surprised to see a return next season to the old system of teams in the County Championship each taking six points in a tied game.

Since the Championship began in 1873, its scoring system has undergone many experiments and changes. Most first-class cricketers believe that the present method is the best yet devised except for the unequal division of the 12 points in a tie.

It was in 1948 that the Advisory County Cricket Committee thought that more reward than an additional two points should be granted to a county already sure of four through a first innings lead.

The tie rule was amended to eight points for a team ahead on first innings four to their opponents.

DISADVANTAGES

Ties were so infrequent—before this season only six had been played in Championship games since the 1914-15 war—that at first little attention was paid to the question.

Already this summer, however, two matches have resulted in a tie. They have shown the disadvantages of the existing scoring.

The recent tie between Essex and Lancashire (Sussex v. Warwickshire was the other) clearly underlined them.

Essex fought back splendidly after being led on the first innings, but their reward of four points was no more than that of a county who are ahead on first innings, but lose their grip and only draw or are even beaten outright.

Surely a side who recover so well, as did Essex, and Sussex earlier in the season, are entitled to as many points as the team from whom they wrest the initiative?

Incidentally, a tie in County Championship games is recognised only when the scores are level with all wickets down in the fourth innings.

If the innings is not completed the result is a draw. That was not so before 1948.

WHIRLWIND

Straight from that exciting game at Brentwood, Essex swept to victory over Kent in two days.

Pleased as was captain Doug Insole with his team as a whole, I imagine nothing gave him more delight than the whirlwind century of Colin Griffiths, the 21-year-old amateur from Brentwood, who shared with Trevor Bailey a stand of 183 in 90 minutes, in which time Colin scored his 105. Colin's success could not have arrived at a more opportune time.

Although the Essex Committee recognised his considerable talents, the fact that in his 20 previous innings for them, last year and this, his top score was 31 must have made them wonder whether they were "rushing" him.

Indeed, I believe that the question of putting him into the second eleven to acquire more experience, at least anxiety, had been seriously discussed just before the Kent game.

Such was Doug Insole's faith, however, that as Colin walked out to bat at Tunbridge Wells Doug remarked to Test selector LES AMES:

"You watch this boy. If he stays in, he'll give the 'tilt a mighty crack."

Colin certainly did. His innings contained two 6's and fourteen 4's—all fierce blows on a ground which is by no means small.

Afterwards Godfrey Evans told me how impressed he had been. "Colin was shaky at the start for a few overs when Doug Wright was bowling at his best," said Godfrey, "but afterwards he played really well. I was pleased to see a young batsman steady on the ball so early in his career."

Essex must think that their perseverance has paid. Well done, Colin.

Godfrey was also sincere in praise of the bowling of the Essex all-rounder RAY SMITH. For all his talents Ray has never played in a representative match of any kind.

I should like to see his name this year in the Players' team against the Gentlemen.

BLUES' BATTLE

On current form Cambridge should be easy winners of the 108th Varsity match. In the past, however, current form has proved such an unreliable guide that, even with all the talent at DAVID SHEPPARD'S disposal, I hesitate to predict that the Light Blues will gain their 49th victory (Oxford have won 42).

Remember last year! Oxford went to Lord's with only one win in their previous 10 games. They created the season's biggest surprise by beating a team containing two England players in SHEPPARD and JOHN WARR, another who became a

Test cricketer before the summer finished.

CUAN'S SPEED

These three are again Cambridge strong men, with David and Peter in magnificent form and top of the batting averages. Their experience should count for much.

Moreover the attack has been reinforced by the six-foot-two South African Test match bowler Cuan McCarthy, recently the centre of the "throwing" excitement.

Umpires tell me that Cuan is a yard faster than any bowler now playing English cricket—and that includes Fred Trueman. So far, Oxford, without a win in 11 games, have not impressed as likely to extend Cambridge, but still, I never scorn the "horses for courses" theory. Since the war Oxford have

won at Lord's three times; Cambridge only once.

APPRECIATION

A number of old Worcestershire players have received letters making them life members of the county club.

A nice gesture to men like SID BULLER who umpired our match at Gloucester—FRANK CHESTER, FRED ROOT, SID MARTIN, "DOC" GIBBONS, and EDDIE COOPER, from an appreciative club.

What's this! C. G. TURNER, a 12-year-old "fast" bowler at Kingwell Court Prep. School, Bradford-on-Avon, Wilt., has taken all ten wickets in his last two school matches.

His figures were ten for 4 against Brighthelm (Bristol) and ten for 13 against Greenways (Cotford).

Worth a half-holiday, I think. —London Express Service.

HENLEY REGATTA

Australia's Mervyn Wood Wins Diamond Sculls

Henley, July 5.

Mervyn T. Wood (Australia) won the Diamond sculls here today, beating Tony Fox (London Rowing Club), the holder, by two and a half lengths in eight minutes and 12 seconds.

Wood, the holder of the Olympic crown, showed that he has every chance of retaining that honour. It was only his second appearance at Henley for in the Olympic year 1948 he also won the Diamonds.

Sculling strongly from the start, Wood opened up a lead of a third of a length by the quarter-mile and was half a length ahead at the half a mile mark.

Sculling at 26 to his rival's 24, Wood spurred to have a clear two lengths advantage just after three-quarters of a mile.

London Rowing Club in 7 mins. 24 secs., and the Wyfold Cup was taken by Corpus Christi College, Oxford, who beat Worcester College, Oxford, easily in 7 mins. 28 secs. —Reuter.

Bobby Locke Favoured For British Open

London, July 5.

South African golfer Bobby Locke is a firm 3-1 favourite in the bookmakers' lists to win the British Open Golf Championship on the tough, narrow Royal Lytham and St. Anne's links this week. Play begins on Monday.

Locke has twice before won the honour in British golf, but his form so far this season does not appear to justify the bookies' faith in his ability to take the crown this time.

The holder, Britain's own dashing Max Faulkner who can be so brilliant when in an inspired mood, is rated no better than an 8-1 shot to keep his crown. Faulkner's triumph last year stopped Locke making it a three in a row triumph for South Africa.

Nine American entries are included in the biggest post-war field of 287 entries, among them being veteran Gene Sarazen of New York, who won the top British golf tournament 20 years ago at Sandwich, Kent.

Sarazen, at 33-1, and the rest of the outsiders in the current betting.

The list of American entries includes Sarazen, Frank Stranahan, Jimmy Mines, Larry Nabholz, Ernie Ball, Colonel A. J. Lawrence, and Captain Jack Mahaffey.—Associated Press.

Junior Final At Wimbledon

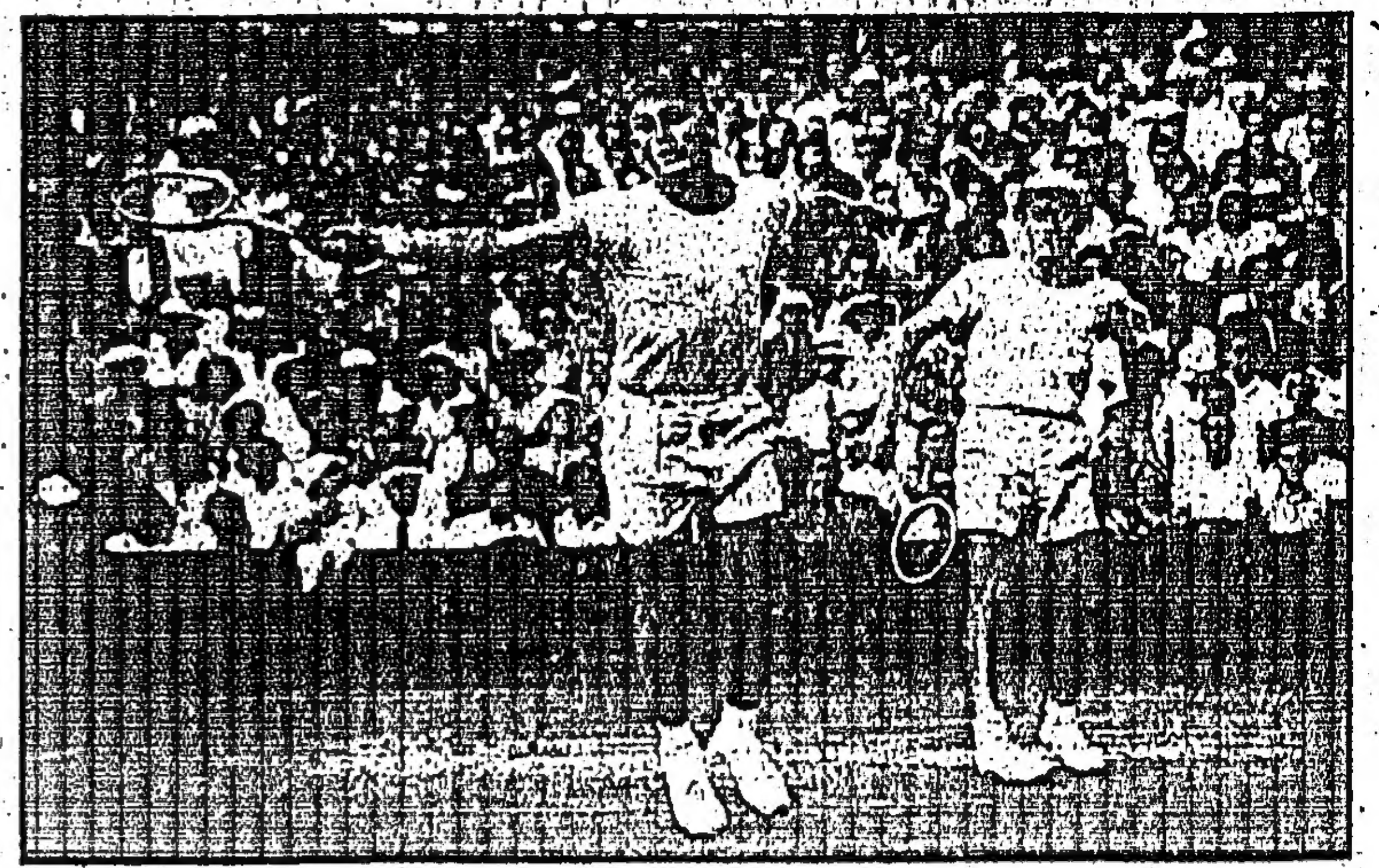
Wimbledon, July 5.

Miss Ten Bosch (Holland) won the girls' junior lawn tennis title at Wimbledon today, when she beat Miss Rita Dwyer (India) 5-7, 6-1, 7-5 in the final.

Miss Dwyer, at the outset, showed a bigger range of strokes than her Dutch opponent, but Miss Ten Bosch gradually improved and with her excellent control of length and with varied direction and pace gave the Indian girl plenty of

running to do. —Reuter.

AUSTRALIA'S HOPE FOR THE FUTURE



A Wimbledon upset occurred when the 17-year-old Australian newcomers, Lew Hoad and Ken Rosewall, beat the experienced American doubles partnership of Dick Savitt and Gardner Mulloy.

Here are Hoad and Rosewall (in cap) in play in the match.—Central Press Photo.

The Third In The Great Nawanagar Tradition Is The Cricketer Of The Year

Says JAMES CONNOLLY

From Nawanagar, a State in Western India, came one of cricket's immortals—the "Jam Sahib," the famous Ranjitsinhji.

From Nawanagar, too, came Ranji's nephew, K. S. Dulcipsinhji, who played in 12 Tests for England and scored 173 against the Australians at Lord's in 1930. And now a third in the great Nawanagar tradition is the cricketer of the year—Vinoos Mankad, hero of the Lord's Test with his non-stop batting and bowling performance.

It was "Dulcep" who first modelled Mankad the batsman. Mankad was then batting number nine, for the Nawanagar High School.

One day "Dulcep" came along casually and remarked: "I'm going to make you into an opening batsman."

Rather scared, Mankad protested: "But I can't become an opening batsman in a month or two." Retorted "Dulcep": "You can if you listen to me."

Mankad must have listened pretty closely at that!

CHANGED STYLE

It was in Nawanagar, too, that Mankad was groomed by a succession of Sussex coaches brought out by Ranjitsinhji and "Dulcep" as a result of their playing association with the county.

But for Bert Wansley, in fact he might have been just another left-arm bowler.

Wansley, way back in 1936, convinced Mankad that his future was in left-arm slow bowling—and not—the fast-medium stuff he fancied. "How right he was! Mankad is just about the best left-arm slow bowler in the world today."

There is something fascinating in Mankad the bowler. His shirt billows gently in the breeze as he starts that easy, deliberate run-up.

He perfectly relaxed, almost soothing action hides the venom of those carefully flighted left-arm leg-spinners.

RELENTLESS

Did you watch Len Hutton batting against him in the Test? His face a study of strained intensity, he knew Mankad for a tireless, relentless warrior.

Oh yes, Hutton has a great respect for Vinoos Mankad. Mankad the batsman has something of the English, quick-

silver of Compton and something, too, of the concentration of Hutton.

Aggressive, supremely confident, he "offers" the bowlers chances by his audacity.

Then he dashes hopes as his dancing feet answer the razor-sharp reflex of the born cricketer to produce one of his favourite wryly cover drives.

He's a crowd pleaser, whether pegging down the batsmen or flaying bowlers.

That's why Hastingden paid him around £1,500, one of the highest fees ever offered to a Lancashire League professional.

EXUBERANCE

The reason for his success is simple enough. Mankad gives everything he's got, whether he is playing in club cricket or in Tests.

He plays for the love of it, for the sheer exuberance of gaining mastery over batsman or bowler.

He has never lost the enthusiasm of the boy who determined as soon as he was big enough to hold a bat that he was going to be not just a good cricketer, but a great one.

For any boy who is fired by the ambition to copy Mankad here are his rules:

1. Good coaching at the beginning.
2. Hours of practice.
3. Maintain 100 per cent fitness.
4. Keep your love of the game.

As a boy Mankad practised 11 hours a day. A Test star at 19—he topped the averages, batting and bowling against Tennyson's eleven in 1938—he still practised hour after hour.

This will be Mankad's last season of Test cricket. "I've had a good run," he told me.



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"SHENGKING"	Sourabaya & Macassar	10 a.m.	12th July
"SOOCHOW"	Keelung	5 p.m.	12th July
"HUPEH"	Yokohama, Nagoya	10 a.m.	18th July
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"SOOCHOW"	Kobe	10th July	
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"TAIYUAN"	Japan	25th July	

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"AENEAS"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	27th Aug.

Scheduled sailings from Europe

S.	Ship	Leaving	Arrives
S.	"ANCHISES"	Liverpool	13th July
G.	"PATROCLUS"	do	17th July
G.	"CLYTOPEUS"	do	24th July
G.	"ASTYANAX"	do	31st July
S.	"AENEAS"	do	10th Aug.
G.	"FERSEUS"	12th July	16th July
S.	"ASCLANIUS"	13th July	17th Aug.
G.	"AGAPENOR"	25th July	23rd Aug.
S.	"CALCHAS"	5th Aug.	30th Aug.

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HONGKONG

PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOON)

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per month, U.K. and other countries \$7.00 per month.

News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor.

Business communications and advertisements to the Secretary.

Telephone: 2441 (5 Lines).

KOWLOON OFFICE: Salisbury Road, Telephone: 2442.

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WANTED: English correspondent, Chinese nationality, with knowledge of office routine, willing to accept experience and salary required. Box 44, "China Mail."

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RESIDENTIAL three-storey house on mid-level with spacious rooms, suitable for large household or school. Apply Box 47, "China Mail."

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BALLROOM DANCING - is your social asset. Be popular. Apply now. Tony Wong, 69, Wengmichong Road.

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OFFICE STATIONERY, Letter Heads, Memorandum, Forms, Visiting Cards, Envelopes, etc. Orders now taken. "S. C. M. Post."

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS of cargo exported from Hongkong and South China, compiled by the Survey Measurements, 15 from the "S. C. M. Post."

NOTICE

TO ALL TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the firm who until the 25th day of June 1952 were carrying on business under the style of "The South-China Tea Corporation" at Room 409, Chin Emporium Building, 62-65 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, formerly of No. 160, Wing Lok Street, Hong Kong, has not and never has had any connection whatsoever with The South China Tea Corporation Limited of 55, Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong, Cable Address "SOCTEACO."

THE "POST" TYPHOON MAP

Incorporating amendments to the Local and Non-Local Storm Signal Codes.

Mounted \$5.00. Unmounted \$4.00.

Obtainable from SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST HONGKONG and KOWLOON

Now On Sale at S. C. M. Post, Ltd.

Hongkong and Kowloon

TEN CENTS EACH

BUSINESS REGULATION ORDINANCE 1952

Copies of the prescribed Forms 1(a) 1(b) and 1(c)

Now On Sale at S. C. M. Post, Ltd.

Hongkong and Kowloon

TEN CENTS EACH

Land Programme Almost Completed In Red China

Tokyo, July 6.

The nationalisation of land, keystone of the entire Communist programme in China, has been virtually completed, Peking radio reported today. With the exception of some remote areas such as Sinkiang province, in the northwest, and Kwangsi, in the southwest, the land re-distribution programme has been completed in the main, the broadcast said.

Some 400,000,000 people, roughly 80 per cent of the farm population of China, were affected by the move. About 10 per cent of the farmers now belong to "peasant associations" or village soviets, according to the radio.

Under the Communist programme of "land to tillers," the property of old landowners has been confiscated by the State and divided among the small farmers.

But the Communists - new landlords - increased taxes and levies to such an extent that many farmers now wish that the old landlords were back, according to refugees leaving China.

Formerly, a tenant farmer was always in debt to the landlord. But in the years when the crop was bad because of flood, drought or other adversity, the farmer could always draw upon the landlord for enough rice or grain to tide him over.

Now the landowner is the Communist State which parcels out land to the farmers but makes them work to increase production. However, there are numerous high levies which the farmer must meet to express his "patriotism."

The new boss is the local party chief who has the power of life and death over the farmer. He decides, for example, that farmer Wang's one and a half acres should produce, say, 10 bushels of rice per season. Farmer Wang can object until Doomsday that his acre and a half never had produced more than five bushels. From now on, the "norm" is 10 bushels, he is told, and farmer Wang

will just have to get out and hustle. Of this crop farmer Wang is allowed to retain perhaps 40 per cent.

The remainder goes into the Communist granary and is shipped away under guard to be rationed to city dwellers.

In the first two years after the inauguration of the land reform programme in 1949, there was considerable rebellion on the part of the farmers. Granaries were raided and Communist officials attacked. Many had destroyed their crops and livestock rather than see them taken over by the Communists.

These rebels were sternly dealt with either by outright execution or by turning them off the land, which was tantamount to slow starvation.

Just as in Russia, millions of Chinese farmers had no choice but to join the local collective farms. As Peking radio put it, the "institution of land reform has done much for the consolidation of the People's Democratic Dictatorship in the countryside." - United Press.

FIRST SHIPMENT

Tel-Aviv, July 6.

A tanker arrived at Haifa today with the first shipment of unrefined oil brought to this country by an Israeli company, a Foreign Office spokesman said.

The Israeli Fuel Company, founded under Government sponsorship several months ago, has made arrangements with Haifa refineries for speedy handling of the 9,500 tons of Venezuelan oil carried in the tanker. - Associated Press.

P.O.B.I.E.&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CARTHAGE"	25th June	25th July
"CORFU"	24th July	25th August

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CARTHAGE"	1st Aug.	1st September
"CORFU"	25th August	25th September

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Arrives	From
"SHILLONG"	11th July	U. K. Continent via Straits
Homewards	Leaving	To
"SOUDAN"	25th July	U. K. Continent via Straits, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles & Casablanca

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Casablanca, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam, with liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"WARLA"	due 18th July	from Chittagong & Singapore
"SANGOLA"	sails 19th July	for Japan
	due 22nd July	from Japan
	sails 23rd July	for Singapore, Penang, Hongkong & Calcutta

"SIRDHANA"	due 25th July	from Calcutta, Rangoon, Penang & Singapore
	sails 30th July	for Japan

(These vessels have refrigerated cargo space)

P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"UMARIA"	due 11th July	from Japan
	sails 12th July	for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & Persian Gulf

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NELLORE"	In Port	from Australia via Japan
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All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

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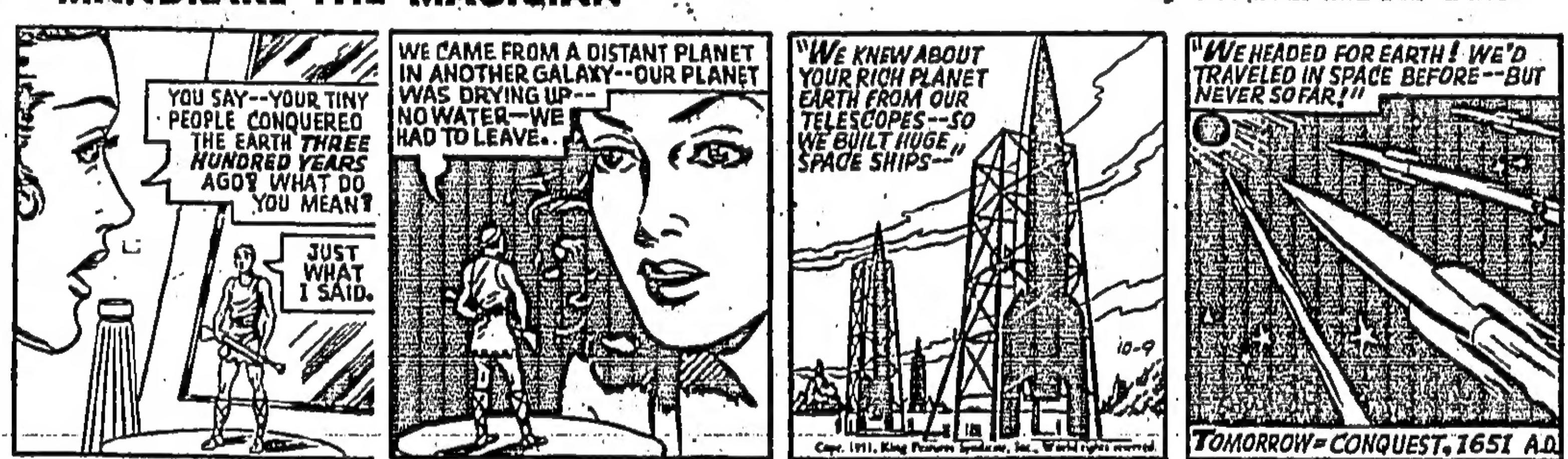
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

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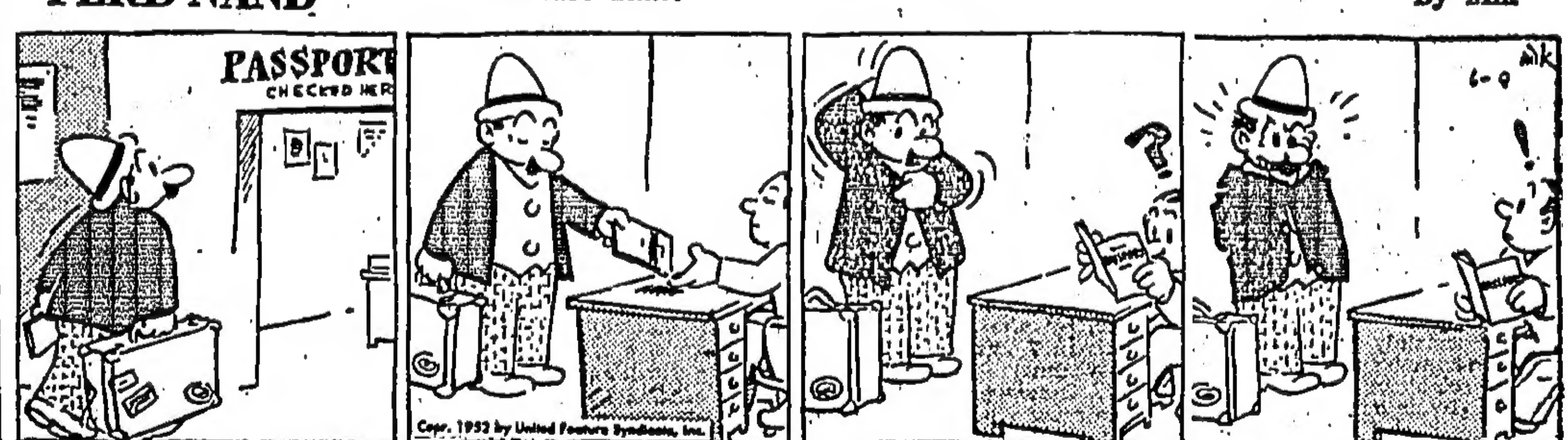
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

Picture That!

By Milk



NANCY

Couple Of Drops!

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



TO DECIDE FATE OF YOUNG KING

Beirut, July 6.

The Jordan Government has asked all its legations abroad to help in the selection of a psychiatrist who will be brought to Amman to examine King Talal.

The specialist's verdict on the mental health of the King will determine whether he is restored to full power or deposed by Parliament.

The three-man Deputy Throne Council, which took over the King's powers while he was absent in Europe, must continue in existence until the King is declared fit to resume his duties. But if "a competent physician" signs a statement that the King is permanently unfit to reign, Parliament could authorize deposition by a two-thirds majority in both Houses of Parliament.

The Prime Minister, Tawfik Fasha Abdul Huda, faces another delicate problem this week on the return of Queen Zeina from Europe. The Government does not consider it wise for her to live in the same house as the King.

The Queen will stay at the Palace-King Talal's present residence - if the treatment must be necessary for him to live outside the Palace. Otherwise she will live in a house already chosen for her in one of Amman's best residential districts.

The King's return this week was the signal for an enthusiastic public welcome. Everyone acquainted with the country agrees that King Talal is at the height of his popularity.

Many of the ordinary people still doubt whether he is ill and intrigue against him is widely suspected. - Associated Press.



MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



	Arriving	Leaving	Outward For
"MEKONG"	July 15	July 16	Japan
"GRENABLE"	Aug. 21	Aug. 22	Europe

	Arriving	Leaving	Outward For
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	July 11	July 12	Marseilles via Saigon
"MIR HAKIM"	July 20	July 21	N. Africa & Europe
"MEKONG"	Aug. 8	Aug. 10	N. Africa & Europe

For Passenger and Freight.
freight for Saigon, Alexandria, Tunis, Genoa, Marseilles, Algiers, Oran, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp, Rotterdam & all Mediterranean ports via Marseilles and West Africa by Transhipment. Madagascar by transhipment in Saigon or Djibouti.
Subject to Change Without Notice.

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EVERETT LINES

EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast cargo and passengers service refrigeration space available for Korea, Japan, China, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Burma and East Coast Indian Ports.

"BRADEVERETT"

Arrives July 9 from Singapore.
Sails July 10 for Japan.

"LENEVERETT"

Arrives July 24 from Manila.
Sails July 25 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast cargo and refrigeration spaces available for Korea, Japan, China, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Ceylon, West Coast Indian and Persian Gulf Ports.

FIRST CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION

M.S. "NORDSTJERNAN"

Loading July 24
Sailing July 25 for Kobe & Yokohama.

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A

Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.

Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Interest in the Stock Exchange this morning centred mainly on utilities. Turnover was \$22,127.50. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions—

SHARES	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
HSK Bank	1305	5	@ 1375
INSURANCES	230		
United	20	7	735
Union	65	3	@ 737 1/2

Underwritten	SHIPPING
Asia Nav.	1,825 1/2
DOCKS, ETC.	
K. W. H. 70	
N. P. Wharf 5.00	0
Dock	@ 17.10
President	@ 17.10
Wheelock	@ 11 1/2
Hongkong	@ 1.00

LAND, ETC.	STOCKS
HSK Land	@ 0.40
HSK Land	@ 0.30
HSK Land	@ 0.30
HSK Land	@ 0.30
HSK Land	@ 0.30

UTILITIES	TELEPHONE
Star Ferry	92
C. Light (O)	8.15
C. Light (O)	8.15
Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00

INDUSTRIAL	TELEPHONE
Star Ferry	92
C. Light (O)	8.15
C. Light (O)	8.15
Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00

COYDING	TELEPHONE
Star Ferry	92
C. Light (O)	8.15
C. Light (O)	8.15
Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00

COYDING	TELEPHONE
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Star Ferry	92
C. Light (O)	8.15
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Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00
Electric	@ 21.00

NOT YET OUT OF WOOD

Long-Term Prospects Of Sterling Area

Misleading Figures On Gold And Dollar Reserves

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, July 6.

After the tremendous gold losses of the previous two quarters the news that the Sterling Area lost only \$15 million worth of gold in the June quarter made pleasant reading.

On closer examination, however, the gold and dollar position of the Sterling Area is seen to be less reassuring than this bare announcement seems to indicate.

The drop of \$15 million in the gold and dollar reserves compared with a loss of \$334 million in the last quarter of 1951 and \$635 million in the first quarter of this year.

The Sterling Area has thus reversed the alarming flight from the Pound which began towards the end of last year—or at least succeeded in slowing it down to a tolerable rate.

Thanks for this are largely due to Mr. R. A. Butler's Budget which reintroduced a degree of monetary discipline into the British economy.

But, though the relative stability of the gold and dollar reserves during the second quarter afforded a welcome relief, the temporary and non-recurring factors which contributed to it should not be forgotten.

The long-term prospects of the Sterling Area depend less on the accidents of circumstance—like the arrival of a large slice of American aid and seasonal heavy sales of Sterling commodities—than on its ability to increase its exports to the non-dollar world.

Unfortunately there is little in the figures which Mr. Butler announced last week to indicate that we have reached a position of safety so far as our exports—and therefore our gold reserves—are concerned.

EFFECT OF U.S. AID

The loss of gold would have been much greater had it not been for the fact that during the quarter we received two-thirds of the American aid allotted to us for the full year 1951/52.

The position, moreover, deteriorated towards the end of the quarter. In April and May we received \$106 million of American aid, which reduced a deficit of \$225 million to a loss of only \$22 million.

In June, however, after receiving a further \$98 million in defence aid, our gold reserves gained only \$7 million, which means that without the aid we would have incurred a deficit of \$89 million in one month alone.

On the other hand, however, \$40 million which were due to us under the Katz-Galka agreement— which safeguards this country against the loss of gold to the European Payments Union, as a result of drafts by members upon their "excess" Sterling resources—was held back because no funds were available to the United States Mutual Security Agency.

This sum should therefore be received during the third and present quarter, though it will be the last we receive under the agreement.

What, then, are the long-term prospects for the Sterling Area's gold and dollar reserves? So far as our raw material exports—our best dollar earners—are concerned they are not too bright.

Other facts were operating in the second quarter (apart from receipt of American aid) which would tend to benefit the reserves to the same extent during the next three months.

Sales of wool, cotton and certain other Sterling commodities were particularly heavy in the last quarter. Earnings from these sources, however, are seasonally low in the third quarter.

The prices of many Sterling raw materials (with the notable exception of cocoa) are now well below their post-Korean peaks and some of them are almost down to their pre-Korean level.

American commodity prices, on the other hand, have remained comparatively stable.

STILL DOWNWARD—Conditions prevailing after the outbreak of the Korean war, when the Sterling Area benefited greatly from the very high prices it was paid for its raw materials and the more moderate prices of its raw material imports from the dollar area, have therefore been reversed.

Indeed according to a world commodity survey in the current issue of the London and Cambridge Economic Service, the decline in Sterling commodity prices has reached the point where the Sterling Area's commodity "terms of trade" are probably now more unfavourable than in 1950.

The trend of the gold reserves is therefore still unmistakably downward and will remain so until we can increase our exports to the dollar world (which, since any further deficit we incur with the European Payments Union

Japan's Trade Problems

TURNING TO THE STERLING AREA?

London, July 6.

The independent Sunday newspaper, The Observer, today wrote that Japan would have to turn more and more to Sterling sources for food and raw materials.

Studying Japan's trade problems, The Observer added:

"Otherwise, if her needs cannot be met within the Sterling Area, she must return to full dependence upon America or be drawn politically and economically towards the Chinese Communist mainland."

The Observer explained, "With national sovereignty and independence regained, Japan faces the problem of coming to grips with economic reality."

"Since 1945, the American Occupation has encouraged Japan to spend freely in the dollar area, both for food for her growing population and for raw materials for her rapidly recovering industry."

"Now Japan has to earn her own living. Her pre-war trade centred on the Chinese mainland. Northern Asia accounted for more than half her foreign trade and provided her with both markets and raw materials."

"Since the war Japan has found new markets in South-east Asia and a new source of cotton and other raw materials in the United States."

"This has been done by drawing on American credit and piling up large unpaid Sterling balances."

"But this artificial balance of trade cannot be continued for long," The Observer pointed out.—France-Press.

PI's Record Exports

Washington, July 6. Copra and coconut oil exports from the Philippines and other Far Eastern producing areas reached a record in 1951, Agriculture Department statistics disclosed today.

The Department's foreign agriculture report said more than 1,600,000 tons were exported that year as compared with less than 1,300,000 in 1950.

It states that the Philippines total exports are greater by some 132,000 tons than the combined total from Indonesia, Ceylon and Malaya. It said the total shipments from each of the four areas have exceeded those of any other post-war year and exports from the Philippines and Ceylon have exceeded even the pre-war average.—United Press.

Grain Prices In Chicago

Chicago, July 5.

Prices of grain futures closed today as follows—

Wheat—follows per bushel	Price
Spot	\$2.14 nominal
July	\$2.14-15
September	\$2.14-15
December	\$2.14-15
March	\$2.14-15
May	\$2.14-15

Corn	Price
Spot	\$1.22 nominal
July	\$1.22-23
September	\$1.22-23
December	\$1.22-23
March	\$1.22-23
May	\$1.22-23

Soybeans	Price
Spot	\$1.22 nominal
July	\$1.22-23
September	\$1.22-23
December	\$1.22-23
March	\$1.22-23
May	\$1.22-23

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

SAILING	To
"TIPONDOR"	July 1, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	July 3, Japan (via Manila), Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	July 11, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	July 13, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	July 15, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	July 17, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	July 19, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	July 21, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	July 23, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	July 25, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	July 27, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	July 29, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	July 31, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	Aug. 2, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Aug. 4, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	Aug. 6, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Aug. 8, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	Aug. 10, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	Aug. 12, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Aug. 14, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	Aug. 16, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Aug. 18, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	Aug. 20, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	Aug. 22, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Aug. 24, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	Aug. 26, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Aug. 28, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	Aug. 30, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	Sept. 1, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Sept. 3, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	Sept. 5, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Sept. 7, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	Sept. 9, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	Sept. 11, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Sept. 13, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	Sept. 15, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Sept. 17, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	Sept. 19, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	Sept. 21, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Sept. 23, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIPONDOR"	Sept. 25, Djakarta, Tjirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TITJALENGKA"	Sept. 27, Japan, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TIPANAS"	Sept. 29, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"TILUWAI"	Sept. 31, Surabaya & Macassar

KING'S BUILDING TELEPHONE ROUTE TO ROUTE

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Stewart Arthur Gray for
Morning Post Limited at 1-3
in the Prison of War.